CITY EDITION.

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CONSCRIPTION REGISTRATION WILL BE CARRIED OUT WITHOUT ANY SHOW OF MILITARY FORCE

Civil Authorities Will Start Enrollment of Those Eligible for Service Within 10 to 15 Days After Draft Bill is Approved; Registrars to Serve Without Pay and There Will be One for Every 170 Men to be Enrolled; Voting Places to be Enrolling Stations

AGES OF SERVICE NOT YET DEFINITELY FIXED

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—An official outline of the method by which military registration is to be carried out under the selective conscription bill, was made public today, with an appeal from the War Department for the voluntary services of state election and other officials in order that there will be no delay in enrolling and classifying millions of men for army duty. Careful preparation has been made to place the whole task in the hands of civilian officials of the states and to remove every suggestion of military force in putting the measure into effect. The only function of the federal government will be supervision through the office of the provost marshal general. The department's statement follows:

"There was a time in the country's history when military enumerators, backed by bayonets, went out among the people to take a compulsory service census. Today under the principle of universal liability to service the execution of the law is put into the hands of the people.

"The approval of the new national army bill and the President's proclamation thereunder will be coincident. All persons within the age limits prescribed will be required to present themselves for registration at the customary voting places in the voting precincts in which they have their permanent homes, on a day which the President will announce. The probability is, that from 10 to 15 days will elapse between the approval of the bill and registration day.

"The governor of each state will be the chief registration officer therein. The machinery of registration in each county is to be in charge of the sheriff, the county clerk, and the county physician, acting ex officio, unless a different board shall be announced by the governor. In cities containing populations of more than 30,000, the registration will be under the control of the mayor and selected boards of registration. In order that the designated county and city officials, and the people generally, can get a clear understanding of the census methods the following brief outline is given.

"The sheriffs or other designated officials, immediately upon receiving notice from the governor, shall appoint registrars for each voting precinct.

"The Appointment of Registrars—The appointment of registrars shall be one for each 170 persons to be registered. Each age to be registered will comprise about 1 per cent of the population. If, for instance, all men between 19 and 25 years of age, inclusive, are to be registered, the registrar would have to enroll about seven per cent of the precinct population.

"It is desirable to accept the services of competent volunteer registrars to serve without compensation. All registrars must be sworn.

"The voting place in each precinct must be prepared for registration. Full printed instructions covering every detail of the registration will be in the hands of sheriffs and mayors on the fifth day after the President's proclamation.

"In Cities of Over 30,000 Population.—The mayor of a city containing more than 30,000 inhabitants, or the officials designated by the governor therein, shall, with approval of the governor, appoint for each ward or convenient minor subdivision containing about 30,000 people one registration board, and shall designate one officer of each board to perform duties similar to those imposed on the sheriff, as heretofore outlined. If the mayor desires, he may appoint a central board to co-ordinate the work of minor boards.

"Duties of County Clerk, and of Clerks of Cities of Over 30,000 People.—On the fifth day after the President has issued his proclamation, clerks of counties and cities of over 30,000 must secure a supply of blanks and copies of the registration regulations from the sheriff or from the mayor. Absentees and the sick will apply to such clerks to have their registration cards filled out. In no case shall such persons be given registration certificates. They are to be instructed by the clerk that the burden is on them to see to it that the cards reach the registrars of their home precincts by registration day.

"Absentees and the Sick.—Persons absent from their home counties may be registered by mail. If so absent, a man should go to the clerk of the county where he may be staying, on the sixth day after the date of the President's proclamation. If he is in a city of over 30,000 population, the city clerk is the official to whom to apply. The absentee will be told how to register, but he must mail his card in time to reach his precinct by registration day.

"Persons too sick to present themselves for registration must send a competent person to the county or city clerk on the sixth day after the issuing of the proclamation. The clerk will give instructions for registration.

"Colleges, Universities, Homes and Other Institutions.—Officials of educational, charitable and other institutions should apply for instructions to the county clerk on the sixth day after the date of the proclamation for instructions as to a convenient method of registration.

"The wardens of jails, penitentiaries, and reformatories should apply to the county or city clerk for instructions on the sixth day.

"Five days after the date of the President's proclamation complete regulations will be in the hands of all sheriffs and of the officials of cities of over 30,000 population.

"The President is authorized to call upon all public officers to assist in the execution of the law. The plan is, however, to rely on the people for the proper execution of the law. It is expected that patriotic citizens will offer their services free as registrars. Such services will be gratefully acknowledged. Volunteers for this service should communicate immediately with the proper officials."

EXPECT NATIONAL GUARD MOBILIZATION SOON

WASHINGTON, May 5.—A call for the mobilization in general service of the entire national guard of the country will be issued under instructions from President Wilson at the same time that he signs his proclamation providing for the formation of the army force of 500,000 men to be raised by conscription. The call for the registration and formation of the 500,000 to be drafted will be issued by the President the day he signs the army draft bill, which, it is now believed, will be before him for signature early next week.

There are now 60,000 national guardsmen in federal service. There are 100,000 guardsmen who saw service on the Mexican border not yet called into federal service in the present crisis and who will be mobilized in the orders to be issued next week.

The national guardsmen, when mobilized under these orders, will be assembled in their respective state mobilization camps. Then they will be formed into 12 army divisions, to be known as the Fifth to Sixteenth divisions, inclusive. The mobilization point for the New York troops has been New York, but this may be changed to the point used in the mobilization of the New York guardsmen for service along the Mexican border. The New York guardsmen will be formed into a division to be designated the Sixth, in which no other state troops will be included.

There are also enough men in the Pennsylvania national guard to form a separate division to be known as the Seventh. All of the guardsmen from the New England states will be united in a division known as the Fifth.

Full strength of the first army organized under selective draft will be 8,538 officers and 528,660 enlisted men, making up 18 war strength divisions complete in every arm and supplemented by 16 regiments of heavy field artillery equipped with large-caliber howitzers.

MARSHAL JOFFRE SMILES WAY TO HEARTS OF ALL

CHICAGO, May 5.—Joseph Jacques Joffre, marshal of France, has smiled his way into the heart of Chicago and the Middle West. Not understanding English he met the throngs that beset the French mission today with a kindly, courageous smile, a smile that seemed to explain the title "Papa" Joffre. And it was with his smile illuminating his face that he stood before the mass meeting last night after it had clamored for an expression from him and entwined two small flags, the tri-color of France, and the "Star Spangled Banner."

Rene Viviani, French minister of justice, and head of the mission, was acclaimed no less enthusiastically.

A strenuous day marked with a military air was ahead of the distinguished visitors today.

MARSHAL JOFFRE WAITS HIS TURN FOR BARBER

CHICAGO, May 5.—A barber at the Chicago club today is telling a story to illustrate the democracy of Marshal Joffre, the hero of the Marne. Two men were awaiting their turns to be shaved when the door opened and the smiling face beneath of marshal's cap appeared.

The other two men and the barber wanted the great Frenchman to climb immediately into a chair.

"But," said the barber, "do you think he'd move in out of his turn?

"Not he! He just sat down and insisted on waiting until he was 'next.'"

KIDDIES HURRY HOME AS CURFEW WHISTLE SOUNDS

Police Have No Trouble Enforcing Law on First Night It is In Effect.

The police had no trouble enforcing the curfew ordinance when it went into effect last night. In the first place, there weren't many children out, for it was a bad night, and with the fear of what might happen foremost in their minds, those who were out scampered home soon after the brewery whistle blew a long blast at 8.45. The authorities realize that the job of enforcing the curfew law will be biggest when the delightful Summer evenings come—if they ever do, this year.

With the weather warm and balmy, the temptation to stay out of doors and play games under the nearest electric light is strong. Sometimes the little folks forget the time altogether and 9 o'clock comes far too soon. At this season of the year the curfew law is hard to enforce for it takes either a very alert police force or a big one to cover every play spot in a city as expansive as Connellsville.

The general experience with curfew laws has always been, those who are in a position to know declare, that for the first month or so they are stringently enforced and after that everybody comes to the conviction that it's just as well to forget all about them. Many persons will watch the workings of the curfew a few months hence.

Girls and boys under the curfew age left the movies in time to get home before 9 o'clock last night. There weren't many in other places.

U-BOAT PROBLEM MAY BE SOLVED

Chairman Saunders of Naval Consulting Board Has Plan for Combating Submarines.

By Associated Press.

HILLTOWN, N. Y., May 5.—W. L. Saunders, chairman of the naval consulting board, announced here today that the board had forwarded to Washington plans for dealing with the submarine problem, which it was believed, had solved the problem successfully.

NEW YORK, May 5.—Mr. Saunders, who has been chairman of the naval consulting board about 2 months, supplemented his announcement by saying that while the submarine problem cannot be considered in reality to have been solved until the U-boats have been destroyed, nevertheless numerous experiments had been made along the Atlantic coasts with highly encouraging results, which lead the board to feel that a successful solution had been reached.

NEW CHURCH SKETCH

Methodists Adopt Plan of Structure But Will Delay Construction.

The sketch of a new church which the Methodist Episcopal church eventually will build on the site of the present structure is on display in the Horner Company window. Nothing is to be done until prices drop, church officials say, but the plans of Architect Charles W. Bier, of Pittsburg, have been adopted.

The church is to cost about $80,000. It will take up the entire frontage of 144 feet on West Apple street from Meadow lane to the post office property. Its depth will be 100 feet on Meadow lane. The razing of the old Beatty property has been begun.

IN COAL BUSINESS.

Son of Connellsville Merchant Enters Upon a New Line.

Louis Levinson, son of M. H. Levinson, North Pittsburg street clothing merchant, has opened two coal mines at Chilopyle and will conduct the enterprise under the name of Meadow Run Coal Mines.

The operations have been developed to the extent that shipments at the rate of one car a day will begin next week. The Upper Freeport seam of coal will be mined. A market has been secured for all the production. Shipments will be made by the Western Maryland railway.

BIG MEMBERSHIP.

Several Hundred Signify Desire For Good Road to Farmington.

Petitions which have been collected by those in charge of the movement for a Connellsville-Farmington Good Roads unit here, this city will have a big membership, 460 having pledged themselves; with half of the petitions still out.

It is expected to hold a meeting in the near future to elect officers and an executive committee.

China Case Postponed.

Alec Chinn, charged with blocking the sidewalk and closing up the entrance to William Chetlin's store, secured a postponement of his case, which was to have been heard in police court this morning. The trial will be held early next week.

Chimney Catches Fire.

A chimney fire at the Methodist Episcopal Church attracted much attention about 7.30 last night when flames for a time shot more than a foot in the air. This kept up for 20 minutes, then a call was sent in to the fire department.

FOUR FIRST AID CLASSES FORMED IN THE RED CROSS

Women in Groups of 25 Will Receive Instruction From City Physicians.

QUARTERS AT POSTOFFICE

Three Rooms Set Aside for Local Chapter in Federal Building; First Aid Instruction to be Given Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday Nights.

Four first aid classes composed of members of the Connellsville Red Cross Chapter to meet on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday nights were organized at a meeting last night at the Carnegie Free Library, and another class, expecting to receive instructions twice a week, is being formed. Persons desiring to become members of the latter class are requested to call at the Carnegie Free library.

Despite the unfavorable weather, over 70 of Connellsville's patriotic women attended the meeting with the purpose of taking up first aid work for emergencies. Organizations were effected in a short time and each class elected a secretary, the only officer required. The duty of the secretary is to collect all fees, purchase supplies and carry on other business. Each class is limited to a membership of 25. Meetings will be held in the federal building, three rooms having been donated by the postoffice department for the Red Cross work, as soon as the necessary equipment to carry on the work is received.

Twelve of Connellsville's leading doctors have donated their services free and each class has the privilege of selecting its own physician for instructions. The physicians are Dr. John Dixon, Dr. Katherine Wakefield, Dr. H. J. Coll, Dr. L. P. McCormick, Dr. T. B. Echard, Dr. D. D. Brooks, Dr. T. R. Francis, Dr. E. B. Edie, Dr. C. W. Otts, Dr. G. W. Gallagher, Dr. W. J. Bailey, Dr. E. W. Douglas.

The members of the following classes, their secretary and night of meeting follow:

Monday night, Miss Katharine Frisbee, secretary; Mrs. Joseph McConnell, Mrs. Charles Davidson, Mrs. Edna Johnston Brondel, Miss Anne White, Miss Genevieve Solsson, Miss Gertrude Reid, Miss Elizabeth Pendleton, Mrs. Josephine Reid, Mrs. Howard Clark, Miss Gladys Humbert, Miss Mary McConnell, Mrs. Basil Solsson, Mrs. James B. Stader, Mrs. Sarah Markle, Mrs. P. R. Weimer, Mrs. P. T. Laws, Miss Mary Laws, Miss Donella Schoonover, Miss Marian Shaw, Miss Sarah Belle Lunnen, Mrs. L. P. McCormick, Mrs. D. D. Brooks, Mrs. J. Kirk Renner and Miss Martha Eaton.

Tuesday night, Miss Elizabeth Adella Ankeny, secretary; Miss Ellie Livingston, Miss Margaret Corteal, Miss Elinor Sauter, Mrs. Rose Pore, Miss Rebecca Sauter, Miss Ida DeMuth, Miss Margaret Alice Sauter, Miss Jean Davis Cochran, Miss Sara Rosenbloom, Mrs. H. B. Pigman, Miss Grace Pigman, Miss Margaret Pigman, Miss Elsie Burkholder, Miss Katherine McGrogan, Mrs. Catherine McIntyre, Miss Morgan, Miss Anna Sweeney, Miss Elizabeth Kearney, Miss Margaret C. Lyons, Miss Mildred Hicks, Miss Edna Zimmerman and Miss Sarah Seaton.

Thursday night, Miss Elizabeth Mahon, secretary; Miss Gertrude Dixon, Miss Marie McGuire, Miss Stella Murphy, Miss Mae Murphy, Miss Catherine Steganius, Mrs. W. A. Steganius, Misses Anna and Loretta Laffer, Miss Rose Snyder, Miss Rose McArdle, Miss Anna Clark, Miss Clara Belle Moyer, Miss Christine Donnelly, Miss Daisy Ashe, Miss B. Comiskey, Miss Mayme McNulty, Miss Lucy Costa and Miss Mary Mazcocco.

Friday night, Miss Anna Lowney, secretary; Misses Rose and Alice Donegan, Miss Mayme Malloy, Miss Mayme Burns, Miss Ella Cunningham, Miss Marie Coyne, Miss Catherine McKevitt, Misses Catherine and Alice O'Connor, Misses Margaret and Winnie Harrigan and Mrs. H. J. Coll. These two classes have chosen as their doctors, Dr. H. J. Coll and Dr. John Dixon. The other two classes came to no definite decision as to the choice of physicians.

The chapter received a $10 donation from the new Haven Hose Company. New members secured are as follows: Miss Emma Hite, Miss Anna Kate Harris, Mrs. W. O. Adrian, Miss Pearl Thom, Miss Mary Snyder, Mrs. C. L. Grey, Miss Josephine Moser, Mrs. Harry Dull, Fred Frisbee, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Kurtz, Miss Anna Elizabeth DeMuth, Mrs. J. M. Doyle, Mrs. Abe Daniels, Mrs. J. C. Moore, Miss Hetty Brown, Miss Adelaide Bland, Mrs. P. R. Weimer, Mrs. Sarah Markle and Mrs. Howard Clark, the latter of Dunbar. Dr. Katherine Wakefield, chairman of the chapter, presided over the meeting.

Weather Forecast

Generally fair tonight and Sunday; frost tonight if weather clears; colder in south portion tonight.

Temperature Record.

	1917	1916
Maximum	55	69
Minimum	45	56
Mean	50	63

FRICK COMPANY FARM LAND FOR FOOD PLANTING

Thousands of Acres at Various Coke Plants Offered to the Public.

Thousands of acres of uncultivated land were made available for farming last evening when the H. C. Frick Coke company opened to the public the ground not now in use surrounding its three score and more plants in Westmoreland and Fayette counties.

There will be practically no restrictions on the use of the land, and the number of acres used by any man will be determined after he has had a consultation with the superintendent of the plant where the land is located.

The poorest waste land about the coke plants has proved productive when given proper drainage and cultivation. For years the Frick company has been conducting garden contests, and this rivalry excited intensive gardening which made the reclamation of waste lands possible.

The official announcement of the company, given out last evening in Scottdale, is as follows:

"The H. C. Frick Coke company offers the use, free of charge for food production, of its lands which are not needed for the operation of its plants or is not now cultivated by the company farmers. This offer is extended to persons not employed by the company as well as to its employes. Application for the use of land should be made to the superintendents of the various plants or to the farm superintendents."

PATRIOTIC SERVICE TO BE HELD AT U. B. CHURCH.

Rev. J. S. Showers has announced that a patriotic service will be held in the United Brethren church on Sunday morning, May 27. Rev. Showers will invite the G. A. R., the Spanish War Veterans, the Boy Scouts and other patriotic organizations, to attend in a body.

ADDRESSES INSPECTORS

Commissioner Jackson Gives Talk; J. S. Darr Present.

Factory Inspector James S. Darr attended a meeting of inspectors in the office of Chief Inspector Francis J. Feehan at Pittsburg yesterday, at which John Price Jackson, commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry, made the principal address.

Inspectors were requested to give their services along any lines whatever that they may be useful in the various communities. Protecting industrial workers conserving the national resources, assisting organizations working to increase the food production, and Red Cross work are some of the lines the inspectors are directed to follow.

The State Industrial Board met with the inspection force in the afternoon and took up questions relating to the employment of boys between 16 and 18 on certain machines in large mills.

DROP HOME PROJECT

Doctors Abandon Construction of Building For Club.

At the regular meeting of the Fayette County Medical Society held on Thursday night in Uniontown, the doctors decided to postpone indefinitely the contemplated erection of a home for the society, because of the uncertainty due to the war situation. Members of the society are enlisted in the medical reserve corps and others have filed their applications and may be called into active service at any time.

The doctors also endorsed the resolution of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union asking the government to prohibit the manufacture and sale of liquor until the end of the war.

NEW CRACK FOUND

Pryce Notified of Further Danger Signs at Old Opera House.

Another crack has developed in the old opera house building on North Pittsburg street. William Chetlin, tenant of the building, called Superintendent of Public Safety M. B. Pryce up yesterday in some alarm, to tell him that another crack had made its appearance, this time at the back of the building. The first crack was noticed several weeks ago.

Whether the place is in a really dangerous condition is uncertain. It is possible that an inspector may be sent here from Harrisburg to go over the building thoroughly and determine upon its safety.

WILL GRADUATE.

Perry Man Takes Second Honors in Ohio Pharmacists' Exam.

F. A. McIntyre, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. McIntyre of Perrypolis, recently passed the Ohio state examination for registered pharmacist with second honors. Mr. McIntire will graduate on May 23 from the Ohio Northern University College of Pharmacy.

During his two years at the university he was very active in athletics, especially in football.

After the graduation, Mr. McIntire will go to Marion, Ohio, to take up his duties in a responsible position.

River Rises.

The Yough river rose from 2.30 to 2.40 feet during the night.

NEW COUNTER REVOLUTION IN RUSSIA; RADICALS MAKE BIG DEMANDS OF GOVERNMENT

$100,000 OF BIG LOAN TAKEN HERE

Two City Banks Immediately Subscribe Big Sum in Liberty War Loan.

Subscriptions totalling about $100,000 were made yesterday by two Connellsville national banks, the First and Second, to the United States two billion dollar "Liberty Loan" to the Entente Allies. Other national banks of this city have not taken action on the government request for subscriptions or have not yet received the telegrams of inquiry from Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo.

The Second National, upon receiving the telegram from Secretary McAdoo, took immediate action, and replied to Mr. McAdoo by letting him know that from $25,000 to $50,000 would be subscribed. The exact amount is left to the discretion of the government, the first figure being fixed as the minimum and the second as the maximum.

The First National's subscriptions will total about $60,000. Some certificates from each of the issues, the first, the present, and the one which is to follow shortly, were taken, and these will be converted into bonds.

The telegrams received by the local institutions merely asked what amount of the bonds would be subscribed.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO LOAN DELUGE U. S. TREASURY

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The nation's response to the first offering of "Liberty Loan" bonds is a deluge of gold.

Subscriptions poured in today at a rate threatening to choke telegraph lines. Practically every messenger boy in the city is carrying subscriptions to the treasury department. The rush was so great that the telegrams were delivered in bundles.

Every section of the United States had been heard from today with the exception of Alaska. As on the first day, New York continued to lead in the offering, both in size and number.

SECOND LOAN TO GREAT BRITAIN MADE TODAY

WASHINGTON, May 5.—A second loan was made today by the government to Great Britain. The amount, $25,000,000, was transferred by secretary McAdoo to Ambassador Spring Rice. It will meet Great Britain's requirements in this country for about three days.

The loan is for a short term and it will be taken into the greater loan to be made when the proceeds of the big bond issue are in hand. Announcement also was made that the $100,000,000 loan to France would be made within a day or so.

HOPWOOD MAN ATTACKED

Authorities Seek "Pone" Johnson as Semans' Assailant.

James, alias "Pone" Johnson, 20 years old, who lives in a shanty on Pine Knob, is alleged to have shot and probably fatally wounded Albert Semans, 37 years old, proprietor of a general store at Hopwood. The shooting occurred in the Semans store about 9.45 last night.

No one saw the crime committed. The wounded man dragged himself to the home of Walter E. Williams, it is known, however, and knocking on the door, is alleged to have said: "Walter, I am shot. Pone Johnson shot me."

Mr. Williams lives next to the store. When he had seen Semans' condition, he summoned Dr. W. A. McHugh who went to the assistance of the wounded man. Later Semans was placed in an ambulance and rushed to the Uniontown Hospital.

Semans is reported to have a fair chance for recovery. The bullet entered his back and plowed its way through the abdomen, fracturing one rib, and making its escape near the right lung.

SOLDIERS HERE.

Detail of Eighteenth Comes for Guard Duty on West Side.

Fifteen guardsmen of the Eighteenth Regiment from Pittsburg arrived here yesterday afternoon to do police duty at the Western Maryland viaduct on the West Side.

Cots for the men have been placed in the second floor room in the West Side fire station. With 32 members of the Third regiment of Philadelphia and 15 Eighteenth men in town, there are 47 guardsmen located here.

Guardsmen Get Trespasser.

A man alleged to have been trespassing on the Baltimore & Ohio tracks last night was arrested by the national guardsmen and ordered held until the sergeant in charge here gave him his release. The man was drunk, it is alleged.

Officers Fail to Meet.

The meeting of officers of the Boy Scout council has been postponed until next week. They could not get together last night.

Garage In Use.

West Penn mechanics are now making use of the old basketball hall on the West Side for a garage.

Attacks on May Day Note Pledging New Allegiance to Allied Cause.

OUTCOME VERY UNCERTAIN

Revolutionists Not Sure What They Want; Germany Removes Strongest Troops From Russian Front; Battle of Arras Still Raging Fiercely.

By Associated Press.

While the greatest battle in history continues to rage in bloody fury in Northern France, the riddle of Russia has presented a new phase with a menacing counter revolution of staggering possibilities. For the moment the provisional government has the upper hand, but the voice of the Radicals grows louder and more threatening every day, demanding concessions which would make the existence of an organized government impossible.

The wild currents of intrigue and dissatisfaction which are in evidence in Petrograd, are the more confusing as the opponents of the Revolutionary government offer no coherent program and seem to have no common aim. The capital is boisterously vocal but back of it the vastness of Russia lies silent with no hint to tell what the masses of the people are thinking or doing. An indication of the German view of the situation is given by a report that the best German troops have been withdrawn from the Eastern front, their places being taken by Landsturm and Landwehr divisions.

As far as news dispatches indicate, the Radical insurgents in Petrograd are basing the attacks on the May Day note sent to the Allies by Foreign Secretary Milukoff, reaffirming Russia's determination to fulfill her obligation to the Entente and vigorously prosecute the war against Germany. The provisional government has energetically supported this position and the ministers declare they will resign rather than modify the stand taken by M. Milukoff.

On the battle front in France there is no sign as yet of a decisive issue to the tremendous battle which is raging day and night along a 100 mile front. The French have battered their way a little closer to Laon and have stormed one of the great natural forces guarding the southern end of the Hindenburg line. By the capture of Craonne they have forced ajar the back door to Laon but there are mighty obstacles still in their path.

Craonne formed one of two gun-crowned heights at the head of a broad valley leading to the French goal. The other, which is unsubdued, is the sinister Brimot plateau from which German guns thunder daily against the devoted ruins of Rheims cathedral. Thousands of lives have been spent in vain in an effort to storm this plateau but its capture is vital to the French advance.

Outside of the lists where the warring nations are arrayed interest centers on Brazil and China. In both countries a parliamentary battle is being waged which will decide whether or not they enter the ranks of Germany's foes. War advocates are in the majority at Pekin, but the minority has the support of President Li Yuan Sung. In Brazil the situation is not so clearly defined but the resignation of Dr. Lauro Muller is supposed to give a preponderance to the war party.

TO MAKE DECLARATION OF GERMANY'S PEACE TERMS

COPENHAGEN, May 5.—A plain declaration of German peace conditions will be made by Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg within a fortnight.

Dr. Karl Hellsferich, the vice chancellor, announced yesterday that an answer would be made within this time by the chancellor to the presentation of the conservatives and socialists. The chancellor's decision to define Germany's aims was a result of pressure exerted on all sides.

COMMITTEE ON CAMP MORALS IS NAMED

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Raymond B. Mosdick, of New York was named by Secretary Baker today as chairman of an advisory committee to consult with the secretary regarding the "checking of moral hazards frequently associated with camp life," in connection with the army mobilization. Among the other members of the committee is Thomas J. Howells of Pittsburg.

JAPANESE WAR MISSION TO UNITED STATES LIKELY

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Japan may send a war commission to the United States. No definite information has been received but it was said at the State Department today that intimations from unofficial sources had been made that the Japanese government was considering the move.

WILSON IN HOUSE GALLERY AS BRITISH ARE GREETED

WASHINGTON, May 5.—President Wilson occupied a seat in the executive gallery of the House today while British foreign minister Balfour and members of the British mission were

Continued on Page Two.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

The executive committee of the Business Women's Christian association and Mrs. J. F. Kerr, the Bible teacher, met last night in the association room in the First National bank building and appointed the following committees for the ensuing year: Boosters committee to secure new members: Miss Bert J. Schuyler of the First Presbyterian church, Miss Blanche Jamieson of the United Presbyterian church, Miss Florence Stauffer of the First Baptist church, Miss Pearl Sandlos of the United Brethren church, Miss Mary Rhodes of the Trinity Reformed church, Miss Hattie Storey of the Christian church, Miss Beatrice Fornwalt of the Trinity Lutheran church, Miss Myra Fisher of the First Methodist Episcopal church, Miss Jessie Brooks of the Methodist Protestant church, and Miss Amelia Crouse of the St. John's German Lutheran church; civic committee, Miss Anna Brooks, Miss Elizabeth Gray, Miss Edith Dunn, and Miss Bessie Courtney; committee for furnishing the new room recently secured by the association, Miss Ella Gray, Miss Gertrude Grimm, Miss Mary Griffin, and Miss Lulu Carroll. Two druggets have already been purchased for the room.

Services will be held tomorrow night at 7.30 o'clock at St. John's German Lutheran church by the congregation of the Trinity Episcopal church. Rev. Milton S. Kanaga of Uniontown, the rector, will be in charge. Following the services there will be a meeting of the newly elected vestry.

Rehearsals are being held for "The Minister's Birthday," a comedy to be presented Friday evening, May 18, in the First Baptist church by members of the Sunday school. The performance promises to be a very enjoyable one.

The regular meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of the First Baptist church was held last evening at the home of Mrs. Milton Bryner in East Cedar avenue. Business of a routine nature was transacted. Refreshments were served. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Joseph Dixon in East Crawford avenue.

The luncheon which was to have been held Monday afternoon at the West Penn Tea Room by the Outlook club, has been postponed to a later date.

The Greenwood Fancywork club was organized Thursday night at a meeting at the home of Mrs. John Conniff in Eighth street, Greenwood. Refreshments were served and a very enjoyable time was had. The club will meet semi-monthly. The next meeting will be held Thursday evening, May 24, at the home of Mrs. D. T. Lloyd in Eighth street, Greenwood.

The regular meeting of the Young Ladies Missionary circle of the Christian church has been postponed from Monday night to the following Monday night. The circle will meet at the home of Mrs. J. Melvin Grey in South Pittsburg street.

The Luther League of the Trinity Lutheran church met last night at the home of Norwood Floto on Race street. Following the business session, a social hour was spent, and lunch was served.

The last meeting of the Friday Afternoon Bridge Whist club for the season was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. L. Evans in Lincoln avenue. Three tables were called into play, and following the games refreshments were served. The club prize was won by Mrs. R. C. Lyon, and Mrs. C. W. Downs received the guest prize.

At a well attended meeting of the Christian Endeavor society of the Christian church held last evening at the home of Mrs. D. D. Brooks in South Pittsburg street, the society decided to take up expert endeavor work. Members successfully passing the examination are entitled to wear Christian Endeavor expert pins. Following the completion of this study, the society will take up the study of missionary work. In behalf of the society, Harry Restofsky, presented Mrs. Brooks, who is vice president of the society, with a handsome cut glass water pitcher. At the close of the business meeting various games were played and refreshments were served. Rev. C. C. Buckner gave a very interesting talk along the line of Christian Endeavor work.

Misses Jemima and Nancy Minnis, daughters of Mrs. James Minnis of East Crawford avenue, will graduate in nursing Thursday evening, May 17, from the University of Maryland in Baltimore. Connellsville friends of the Misses Minnis have received invitations to the graduation exercises.

Fayette County Sunday School Day will be observed tomorrow by the Sunday school of the Trinity Lutheran church.

Baby week at the E. Dunn store this week was a great success, many mothers and their babies attending. Lectures given each afternoon by well known doctors and trained nurses of the city, proved of great value to the mothers. The winners of the prizes in the baby contest will be announced Monday.

Much interest is being manifested in the dance to be held Friday night May 11, in the armory under the committeeship of Mrs. Charles Davidson, Mrs. John L. Gans, Miss Katharine Frisbee, and Miss Anne White for the benefit of the Connellsville Red Cross Chapter. A large number of tickets have been sold and the committee members and their aides, who are untiringly working towards the success of the dance, hope to realize quite a nice sum for the Red Cross Chapter fund. Only persons holding tickets will be admitted to the armory. Music will be furnished by Kiferle's orchestra and a delightful evening is anticipated.

Announcement has been made of the marriage of Miss Delia Swaney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Swaney of Uniontown, and William Harper, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Harper of Dunbar, solemnized Wednesday in Greensburg. The bridegroom is in the employ of the Union Supply Company at Lemont. Following a brief wedding trip, Mr. and Mrs. Harper returned to the home of the bride's parents, where they will be at home for the present.

PERSONAL.

"The Web of Desire," With Ethel Clayton, at the Scissor today. Monday, Ruth Roland in "The Devil's Bait," and "Voice on the Wire" No. 9.—Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Rogers are spending the day in Pittsburg.

R. Drennan, brakeman on the Connellsville division of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, is ill at his home in Cumberland.

Flags! Fast color flags, with pole, rope and holder, 2½x4 feet, $2.00. 4x6 feet, $4.00. E. Dunn Store.—Adv—5-1t.

Frank Brookman of Cumberland, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Ralph K. Long and Miss Eleanor Herpick went to Pittsburg this morning to see "Getting Married," at the Alvin theatre.

This is my 17th year of tailoring business in Connellsville—and a bigger business every year. There's a reason. Dave Cohen, Tailor.—Adv-tf.

Mrs. C. A. Albright of Morgantown, was in town this morning on her way to Pittsburg.

Miss Rebecca Sauter has returned home from a visit with friends in Pittsburg.

"Not the largest store in town, but growing the fastest." Why? Service, style, satisfaction. Brownell Shoe Company—Adv-tf

Mrs. O. L. Eaton and daughter, Miss Martha, went to Pittsburg this morning to remain over Sunday. Tomorrow morning Miss Eaton will become soprano soloist of the quartet of the Bellefield Presbyterian church choir.

Don't fail to attend the opening at Laughery's Drug Store Monday evening, 7.30 to 9.30. Kiferle's orchestra. —Adv—4 may-2t.

Miss Ellen Sherrick, a student at Beaver college, is spending the week-end with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. F. N. Sherrick of East Apple street.

Miss Josephine Moser is spending the day in Pittsburg.

Flags! Fast color flags, with pole, rope and holder, 2½x4 feet, $2.00. 4x6 feet, $4.00. E. Dunn Store.—Adv—5-1t.

Miss Beulah Stentz of Pittsburg, who has been visiting at the home of her aunt, Mrs. A. B. Stauffer in North Third street, West Side, went to Somerset this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Kuhns and family of McCormick avenue, attended the funeral of Mrs. Freeman McMillan held this afternoon from the family residence, near Rogers Mill.

Miss Sarah Seaton went to Morgantown this afternoon to spend Sunday with friends.

Mrs. P. C. McBee of Morgantown, was a Connellsville visitor yesterday.

COMMITTED AGAIN

Johnson Goes Back to Jail on Expiration of Term.

Richard Johnson, colored, was committed to jail yesterday on charges of breaking and entering, larceny, and receiving stolen goods. Immediately following his release from jail after serving a long sentence on another charge.

Johnson, several months ago, it is alleged, stole some barber's instruments from the shop of W. E. Neel, then located in West Orchard alley. Before he was given a hearing on charges preferred by Neal, he was sentenced to a jail term. Yesterday the term expired, and Constable S. A. Fasson brought Johnson to Connellsville for a hearing on the larceny charges. Alderman Eugene O'Donovan committed him to jail again, where he will be held for court trial.

Removal Notice.

We wish to announce to our friends and patrons that we have removed to 112 South Pittsburg street, Wolfe building and will be pleased to serve them in our new quarters. Date of formal opening will be announced later. Laughrey Drug Co.—Adv.-25-tf

False Pretense Charge.

William Kelly, colored, was committed to jail yesterday by Alderman Fred Munk, on a charge of false pretense. Kelly was mixed up in the disappearance of $17 from a pocketbook containing $50, which was owned by a man named Page.

Infant Dies.

An infant daughter of J. W. and Alma Lysinger Watson died yesterday afternoon at the family residence, 107 Trader avenue. Interment today in Hill Grove cemetery. The child was the first in the family. It lived several hours.

Hunting Bargains?

If so, read the advertisements in The Daily Courier.

WAR NEWS

Continued from Page One.

received on the floor. It was the first time, as far as capital historians could find, that any president of the United States had appeared in the gallery.

President Wilson entered the executive gallery unnoticed while Representative Estopinal of Louisiana was reading in French a message from the President of the Chamber of Deputies of Rumania. It said the chamber of deputies hastened to express to the representatives of the American House its warmest congratulations on joining the war against Germany.

After he had been in the gallery five minutes he was discovered and members stood up and cheered. The President rose and bowed while the galleries joined in the demonstration.

Then the House turned its attention to Mr. Balfour and his party, who were escorted into the chamber to handclapping and cheers. Mr. Balfour was immediately introduced by Speaker Clarke and addressed the House.

"Will you permit me," he began, "to offer you my most sincere thanks for the honor done me here today."

President Wilson was among those who applauded loudest as Mr. Balfour began speaking. He removed his glasses and entered into the handclapping with vigor.

In his speech Mr. Balfour said:

"The menace of militarism increases. We free peoples of Western civilization are banded together to fight this menace. In this cause we will surely conquer."

The foreign minister concluded by again thanking the House and saying he had "a profound sense of this unique greeting."

Apparently he did not know that President Wilson was one of the most interested listeners and when he ended his speech went to the well of the House, where members began passing by to shake his hand. President Wilson came down from the gallery and joined the line. As he appeared on the floor, he was cheered again and took a place just ahead of Representative Rankin.

President Wilson chatted a moment with Mr. Balfour and then shook hands with Speaker Clarke. Another receiving line formed quickly and the President greeted members of the House.

FIGHT FOR FLAG IN FRANCE, IS NEW RECRUITING SLOGAN

CHICAGO, May 5.—"Fight for the flag in the field in France." This is the new slogan adopted by Captain Franklin R. Kenny, in charge of recruiting for the regular army in the Chicago district. He showed it to Marshal Joffre.

"Fine," said the hero of the Marne. "That is the idea. The French people will weep for joy the day the first American soldiers land in France."

BRIEF WAR BULLETINS

LONDON, May 5.—The British have made further progress north of Havrincourt woods and near Fresnoy, according to an official statement issued by the war office this morning.

PARIS, May 5.—Heavy counter attacks launched by the Germans with fresh divisions last night on the positions captured by the French yesterday along the front from Craonne to Carnillet were repulsed in all cases, the war office announced today. More than 1,000 prisoners have been taken by the French.

PETROGRAD, May 5.—The council of workers and soldiers delegates have passed a vote of confidence by a majority of 25. The number voting was 2,500.

DAWSON FAIR TO AID RED CROSS

Quarter of Gate Receipts on Opening Day, September 11, For Relief Society.

H. T. Cochran, president of the Dawson Fair Association, last night, in announcing the dates for the Fayette County Fair for 1917, declared that the opening date, September 11, will be Red Cross Day. On this day, 25 per cent of the total gate receipts will be turned over to the American Red Cross.

The fair will continue through to September 14. Plans are under way to make it the greatest fair in the history of Western Pennsylvania, and it is fully expected that the Dawson fair will far surpass any other racing meet and agricultural exhibition in this section this fall.

The grounds are already being prepared for the 1917 fair. Harry Cochran, secretary of the fair, has moved from his home in Dawson to the Cochran farm adjoining the grounds, and is personally directing the work.

H. T. Cochran said last night that he is very anxious to give as much assistance to the Red Cross in Fayette county as it is possible to do. "We will donate to the Red Cross one-fourth of the money taken in on the first day, and nothing will be deducted," Mr. Cochran said.

Physicians to Enlist.

Every member of the physicians staff of the Westmoreland Hospital, medical and surgical, will make application for membership in the Medical Reserve Corps. Dr. J. J. Singer, formerly of Connellsville, and Dr. L. C. J. Bailey, a brother of Dr. W. J. Bailey, are members of the staff.

Stork Leaves Son.

A son, the first child in the family, was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Miterko of Uniontown. Mrs. Miterko was formerly Miss Rose Muine of the West Side.

Notice to Rebekahs.

Edna Rebekah Lodge will meet this evening at 7 o'clock in I. O. F. hall to attend the funeral services of Sister A. K. Long.—May 5-1t.

The Grim Reaper

CHARLES E. BUTTERMORE.

The funeral of Charles Edgar Buttermore will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence of his brother-in-law, C. W. Erbeck, in East Connellsville. Rev. E. B. Burgess, pastor of the Trinity Lutheran church, officiating. Interment in Hill Grove cemetery.

Mr. Buttermore was born in Connellsville township, March 21, 1874, a son of the late Thomas J. and Caroline Buttermore. He was educated at the Mount Pleasant institute and Waynesburg college and taught school several terms. About 10 years ago he entered the offices of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad and at the time of his death was assistant chief clerk in the office of Superintendent O. L. Eaton. He was a member of the Trinity Lutheran church and teacher of the Vonborn class of the Sunday school. He was a member of the Maccabees. In addition to his daughter and widow he is survived by three sisters, Mrs. John Chamberlain of the West Side, Mrs. Belle Herbert of Scottdale, and Mrs. Erbeck. Death was caused from Bright's disease, he having been confined to his bed since Monday. Mr. Buttermore was an uncle of Mrs. Caroline Chamberlain Ringler, whose funeral was held a week ago tomorrow.

MRS. EMMA LONG.

Mrs. Emma Long, 43 years old, a well known resident of South Connellsville, died yesterday morning following a six weeks illness. Funeral services will be held this evening at 7.30 o'clock from the family residence in Pittsburg street, with Rev. W. J. Everhart, pastor of the United Presbyterian church, of which the deceased was a member, officiating. The body will be shipped to near Morgantown for interment tomorrow morning on Baltimore & Ohio train due here at 9.35 o'clock, by Funeral Director J. E. Sims. Mrs. Long was born in West Virginia, August 17, 1873, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William Windsor. For the past 13 years she has resided in South Connellsville, where she was well and favorably known. She was a member of Edna Rebekah lodge and the Ladies Aid and Missionary societies of the United Presbyterian church. Deceased is survived by her husband, A. K. Long, assistant supervisor of the F. M. and P. branch of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, one son, Wallace Long, two brothers, William Windsor of Morgantown, Clark Windsor of Clarksburg, W. Va., one sister, Mrs. May, of Kalamazoo, Mich., and her stepmother, Mrs. William Windsor, of Clarksburg, W. Va.

MRS. WESLEY DEVAN.

Mrs. Wesley DeVan, 56 years old, one of the best known residents of Dunbar, died yesterday following an illness of complication of diseases. Funeral tomorrow afternoon from the Methodist Protestant church, of which the deceased was a member, with Rev. T. M. Gladden, the pastor, officiating. Interment in Mount Auburn cemetery. Mrs. DeVan's maiden name was Miss Mae McGill. In addition to her husband she is survived by the following children: Mrs. Lloyd Gongaware, Mrs. Joseph Bell, Mrs. E. P. Hartman, Mrs. Emma Morgan, all of Dunbar; Miss Iva Ruth DeVan, at home; one brother, Clarence McGill of Dunbar, and eight grandchildren.

MRS. MARGARET TURNER.

Mrs. Margaret, wife of William Turner, died at her home in Perrypolis on Friday morning, aged 54 years. Deceased leaves her husband, one daughter, Mrs. William Stewart, of West Newton, and one son, James, of Youngstown. Funeral Sunday afternoon from the Christian church at Perrypolis with services in charge of Rev. G. C. Huffer and interment in Salem cemetery.

VINCENT STRATTON.

Vincent Stratton, 15 years old, only son of Mary Donnelly Stratton and the late Michael J. Stratton, died last evening at 6 o'clock at the family residence in Bellevue. Funeral from the Stratton residence Monday morning at 8.30 o'clock and at 9 o'clock from the Church of the Assumption. Mrs. Stratton was formerly of Connellsville.

MRS. ESSIE F. WHETZEL.

Mrs. Essie Furlong Whetzel, 32 years old, wife of John W. Whetzel of Brownsville, and a sister of William A. Furlong and Othie H. Furlong of Connellsville, died Thursday night at her home in Brownsville.

Card of Thanks.

The E. Dunn store wishes to thank all persons who in any way aided in the success of Baby Week.—Adv.

Patronize those who advertise.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

SEEKS TO FORECLOSE

Trust Company Seeks Payment of Mortgage On Tube Works.

Special to The Courier.

UNIONTOWN, May 5.—A bill in equity asking that the mortgage on the Keystone Tube Works be foreclosed, was presented this morning by the Citizens' Title & Trust company of Uniontown, as trustees for the bondholders.

The Keystone Tube Works is a Delaware corporation, with a plant in Dunbar township near Wheeler. Bonds for $60,000 were issued in 1911, and $45,000, with interest, is now due. In addition, $318.17 in state corporation taxes and $416.18 in county school taxes are unpaid. W. A. Stone is named as president of and also as receiver for the works.

The Keystone Tube Works has been closed down for years.

THE BUSINESS MAN'S "BIT"

Nation's Head Says His Help Is Greatly Needed Now.

President Wilson says that "the services of business men are indespensable just now in speeding and perfecting every process that facilitates the shipment of supplies." Here in Connellsville, the First National Bank desires to do its "bit" by furnishing business men with a reliable monthly epitome of business conditions throughout the country, without charge. Simply send address to bank. —Adv.

Takes New Job.

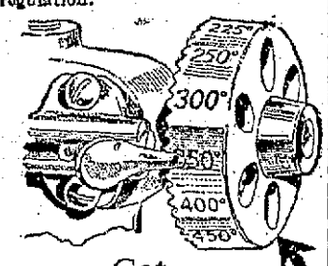
Lawrence Nicholson has resigned as clerk in Keslar Brothers' grocery store to take a position with the Anderson-Loucks Hardware company.

LADIES

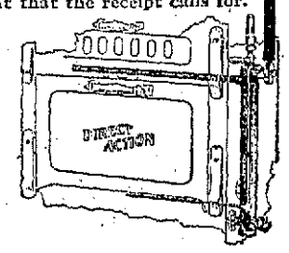
When irregular or delayed use Triumph Pills. Safe and always dependable. Not sold at drug stores. Do not experiment with others; save disappointment. Write for "Relief" and particulars; it's free. Address NATIONAL MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

Chas. C. Mitchell
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
119 South Pittsburg Street.
Both Phones.
I employ no agents or solicitors Am doing business strictly on my own merits. 18 years practical experience.
Motor Funeral Service if Desired.
NIGHT CALLS ANSWERED AT OFFICE.

No More Guesswork
when you bake. No ruined pastry, no poorly done bread, no wasted material—no worry, because of wrong oven regulation.



Get
A Direct Action Oven Thermostat
and measure the heat as easily as you measure milk in a pint cup. You simply set the
Temperature Wheel
and obtain any degree of oven heat that the receipt calls for.



F. T. EVANS, AGENT

Fountain Service

When you order a sundae at Collins' you get what you ask for. Our clerks are impressed with the importance of serving you what you order. They don't make mistakes very often.

If you order ice cream in any form, we never fail to serve a glass of cold water with it. If the cream gives you that queer feeling in your temple, you want a drink.

Our tables are always clean. The clerk who takes your order sees to that.

It's these things—little things, perhaps, that constitute good fountain service.

Try a little Reick's with some of our tasty syrups over it.

COLLINS' DRUG STORE
SOUTH PITTSBURG STREET.

Modart Corsets
Front Laced

Beautiful Figures
result from intelligent attention to correct corseting.

MODART CORSETS
Front Laced
offer the world's best achievements in design and a careful selection of superior materials to properly work out these designs so the style lines are retained during the entire life of the corset. Appreciation of the fit, style and comfort, however, can only be had through a trial fitting—the hardest test.

THE E. DUNN STORE
The HOME of QUALITY and SERVICE
129 to 133 N PITTSBURG St. CONNELLSVILLE, PA.

She Smiles With Delight

Yes she does—and so do all the patrons of our Ice Cream Parlors where Ice Cream is served that is calculated to delight the most fastidious taste. It is made from the very purest and choicest of cream and fruit flavors, containing nothing in the smallest degree unhealthful. It is both delicious and wholesome. And that Ice Cream is Royal, made in Connellsville. For sale by all dealers.

Yough Ice & Storage Co.
Both Phones.
West Side, Connellsville, Pa.

HAVE YOUR PRINTING DONE AT THIS OFFICE.

POTACOL

A prescription that has the correct medicinal properties for the treatment of rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica and gout.

Pleasant to take. Try a bottle.

For sale by

The Laughrey Drug Co. The Windsor Pharmacy.
A. A. Clarke. J. C. Moore.

Ask your druggist.

CONSERVATION OF COAL IMPORTANT QUESTION NOW

Economy in Its Use is as Necessary as in the Use of Food.

DEMAND GROWS DAILY

Rush Now on for Immediate Delivery; Output Limited Only by Car Supply to Haul It; Prices Will be Kept at High Mark is the Present Indication

Conservation of coal promises to become a question of as pressing importance within a short time as is the movement now to economize in foodstuffs, says a correspondent of American Coal Journal. The demands throughout the country have mounted to a higher point than ever before, and large consumers, especially railroads and industrial plants with a military value to the government, are considering ways and means of averting a serious emergency in obtaining adequate coal supplies.

Buyers for storage purposes are coming into the markets everywhere in increasing numbers, and householders and apartment building owners who foresee higher prices are buying in any quantities obtainable for next winter's consumption.

The Federal Trade Commission is giving active consideration to the question, and has summoned the anthracite operators into consultation for the purpose of determining the real status of matters in the eastern fields, on which the navy is dependent for its supply.

Last week witnessed a general rush throughout the country to get coal delivered immediately. Many of the orders cannot be filled before next month, and contrary to previous seasons they are not being cancelled for new ones to be placed at that time, but are being carried over for delivery at May prices.

The war situation has created uncertainty as to what prices will be even a week hence, and the hesitancy that was apparent at the outset of the month despite the vision of present conditions then has entirely vanished. There is little coal at either the mines or in terminals and the trade is absorbing free coal as rapidly as it makes its appearance. Buyers are not haggling over prices, but ordering and buying at prices current at time of delivery.

The car supply over the country averages about 50 per cent. of the demand, with no promise held by the railroads that it will improve, or that even the present ratio will be maintained.

All contract coal that the operators are willing to take has been signed up. As a matter of self preservation the operators are adopting a free coal basis for disposing of their product.

This condition spreads an air of uncertainty over the future and is focusing attention on coal conservation as the easiest way out of the morass. Many profess to see in a propaganda of this kind an avoidance of government regulation of prices during the period of the war.

The peaceable adjustment of the wage question in New York this week gives hope that contracts between operators and miners next year will be renewed without the usual disquieting features that have attended these occasions in the past. The fact remains, however, that the people of the nation have no assurance, either from racial alliances or patriotic clearings, that the men in the mines will exert themselves to avoid trouble and disturbance in making new wage agreements while the war with Germany is in progress.

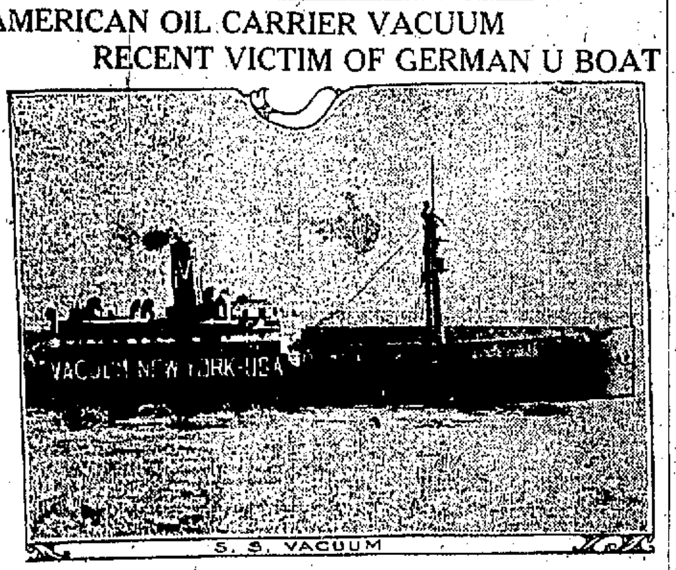
Railroads are making extra efforts to place orders for new coal equipment, but indications are that they have remained out of the market too long. European buyers have stepped in ahead of them, and some of the American companies have orders from them up to the capacity of their plants for the next two years.

A total of 990 locomotive orders have been accepted since January 1, besides orders placed in railway shops, making a total of 1,225. The foundries have not been able for several months to offer delivery in any instance inside of nine or ten months, and the railroads have not been accustomed, even in times of emergency, to placing orders that far ahead.

Contracts for new cars are being accepted in limited numbers only, and there is no denial that under the strain of congestion in recent months rolling stock is going into the scrap heap faster than it is being replaced by new equipment.

Read "The Man Without a Country" on page seven of this issue.

AMERICAN OIL CARRIER VACUUM RECENT VICTIM OF GERMAN U BOAT



S. S. VACUUM

The torpedoed American tank steamer Vacuum formerly was known as the Bayamon and was in the trade on the great lakes under the ownership of the Great Lakes Transportation company. Her name was changed some months ago when she was purchased by the Vacuum Oil company of California and converted into a tanker. She was a single screw steel vessel of 2,551 gross tonnage, built in 1912, carried oil in bulk and was 247 feet long and of forty-five feet beam.

The captain and part of the crew of the Vacuum, with the naval lieutenant in charge of the armament on the ship and nine naval gunners, were reported missing.

Among The Churches

TRINITY LUTHERAN CHURCH, Rev. Ellis B. Burgess, pastor. The Bible school will meet at 10 A. M., and the day will be observed as Fayette County Sunday School Association Day. The Young People's society, led by D. H. Flick, will hold a consecration meeting at 6.45 P. M. Divine services will be conducted by the pastor at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Morning sermon, "Simon Peter and Judas Iscariot." Evening sermon, "False Priests in the Temple." Strangers are invited to worship with us.

THE UNITED PRESBYTERIAN church, South Pittsburg street and Morton avenue, William J. Everhart, minister. Morning worship at 11 o'clock. Sermon topic, "Zion in Travail." Evening worship at 7.30. Sermon topic, "The End Thereof." Sabbath school at 9.45 A. M. Juniors at 3 P. M. Intermediate and Senior Y. P. C. U. at 6.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.45 o'clock.

THE FIRST PRESBYTERIAN church, J. L. Proudfit, pastor. Sabbath school at 9.45. Morning service at 11; subject of sermon, "Jesus and the Treasury." Evening service at 7.30; subject, "Sanctifying War." Christian Endeavor at 6.30. Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 7.45.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH. Sunday school at 9.45 A. M. Divine service at 11 A. M. Junior Y. P. S. C. E. at 2 P. M. Senior Y. P. S. C. E. at 6.30 P. M. Divine service at 7.30 P. M., in charge of Christian Endeavor. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7.30 P. M. May 27 at 11 A. M. services for the G. A. R., veterans of the Spanish-American war and all Boy Scouts of the city. J. S. Showers, pastor.

THE COVENANTER CHURCH. S. B. Houston, pastor. Sabbath school at 10 o'clock. Morning worship at 11; sermon topic, "The Lord's Prayer." Evening worship at 7.30; topic, "Efficiency of Church Membership." Y. P. C. U. at 6.45. Prayer meeting Friday evening at 7.30; topic, "Intelligence in Prayer;" leader, S. B. Houston.

THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL church. Bible school at 9.30 A. M. Men's classes in the annex. At 11 A. M. sermon by the pastor on "Offend Not One of These Little Ones." At 3 P. M. Junior League in charge of Mrs. Stanton Whipkey. At 6.30 P. M. Epworth League. Leaders, Herbert Richter and George Richardson. Builders." At 7.30 P. M. sermon on "Preparedness or Conservation of Manhood," by Chaplain C. M. Miller of the Western Penitentiary. Men's Christian Workers' League in the United Presbyterian church at 3 P. M. Election of officers.

THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, South Pittsburg street. Wilbur Nelson, pastor. Sunday school at 9.45 A. M. Morning worship and sermon at 11 A. M. Topic, "The First Beatitude." Young People's meeting at 6.30 P. M. Evening worship and sermon at 7.30 P. M. Topic, "The Christian Soldier."

THE METHODIST PROTESTANT church, W. Apple street, J. H. Lambertson, minister. Class meeting at 9 A. M., E. E. Crouse, leader. Sabbath School at 9.45 A. M., W. Kilpatrick, superintendent. At the morning worship at 11 o'clock, the pastor's theme will be, "Equipmet for Service." C. E. meeting at 6.45 P. M., subject, "Love," leader, Miss Martha Babbage. In the evening at 7.30 the sermon theme will be "The C. E. Benediction." The Christian Endeavor society will attend this service in a body. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock; subject for this service is, "Prayer."

TRINITY REFORMED CHURCH, S. Pittsburg ad Green streets., Rev. Charles E. Wagner, pastor. Sunday School at 9.45 A. M. Preaching service at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Morning subject, "The Engrafted Word." Evening, "The Best of All Days." Welcome to all services. Consistory meets Monday evening at 7.30. Midweek service Wednesday evening at 7.30, followed by monthly meeting of Sunday School association. Missionary meeting at the parsonage Thursday evening. All are invited. Parents' day service next Sunday morning.

To Have Picture Taken.

Factory Inspector J. S. Darr is going to have his picture taken. There's a reason. The state requires inspectors' pictures to be printed on their cards, consequently the local official is contemplating it with a man's dread the facing of the lens.

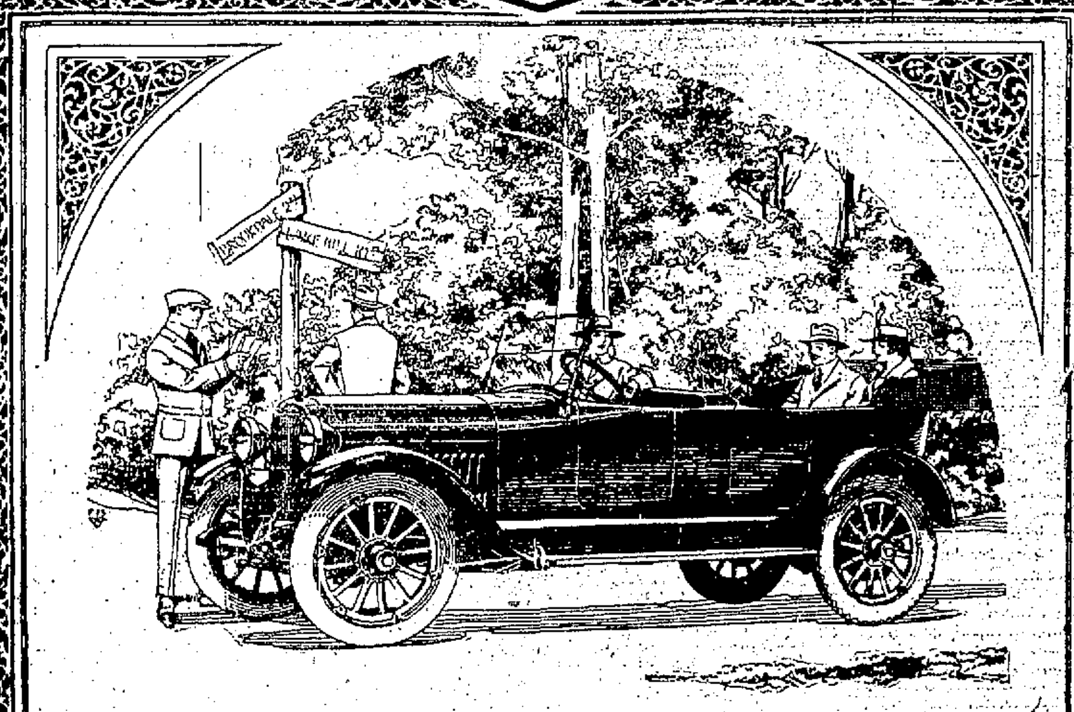
Read "The Man Without a Country" on page seven of this issue.

SMALL LADIES ARE EXCEEDINGLY STYLISH NOW.

JUST JOSING.

Easily washable because made of white net is this adorable little frock. The skirt is finely plaited, and val insertion and lace play an important part in the total charm. Point d'esprit lace gives the fetching little rosebud bonnet.

PAIGE



PAIGE

The Most Beautiful Car in America

The Final Test of Quality

It is a matter of record in fifteen of the principal cities that Paige Used Cars bring a higher price—proportionate to first cost—than any other American automobiles.

And here, after all is said and done, is the final test of quality.

A Used Car has been "through the mill." Its motor and all of its working parts have been subjected to constant strain.

Its "finish" has been knocked off—if it will come off at all.

Its gears, its rear axle and its transmission have endured the punishment of day-in and day-out pounding. All of its weakness is plainly evident and likewise its *strength*.

The Used Car either stands before you a broken down, dispirited "has-been," or a strong, robust champion of many battles—ready and eager for all the service that man can give it.

That, we repeat, is the final test of quality.

In this test the Paige stands supreme. After fifteen — twenty-five — thirty-five thousand miles of service, there is still enough goodness left in a Paige to command a record price in used car markets.

Frankly, now, is there anything that we could tell you about our product that would be more convincing? Could you have any better guarantee that a Paige is all that we claim it to be—all that you could possibly expect it to be?

As to the selection of a model, this is merely a matter of your own personal requirements.

In our line there are two seven-passenger cars, a five-passenger car, two roadsters and a complete line of enclosed cars.

You alone can make a choice, but please remember that you cannot make a *mistake*. For all these models are Paiges—blood-brothers of the same strain. That is the really important thing.

But don't lose any time. Come in and inspect the Paige line today. Let us give you the kind of demonstration that will definitely settle your automobile problem, and place your order while you can secure an early delivery.

Stratford	"Six-51"	seven-passenger	$1495 f. o. b. Detroit
Fairfield	"Six-46"	seven-passenger	$1375 f. o. b. Detroit
Linwood	"Six-39"	five-passenger	$1175 f. o. b. Detroit
Brooklands	"Six-51"	four-passenger	$1695 f. o. b. Detroit
Dartmoor	"Six-39"	2 or 3-passenger	$1175 f. o. b. Detroit
Limousine	"Six-51"	seven-passenger	$2750 f. o. b. Detroit
Sedan	"Six-51"	seven-passenger	$2300 f. o. b. Detroit
Sedan	"Six-39"	five-passenger	$1775 f. o. b. Detroit
Town Car	"Six-51"	seven-passenger	$2750 f. o. b. Detroit

Paige-Detroit Motor Car Company, Detroit, Michigan.

For Demonstration, Write, Phone or Call

WEST SIDE GARAGE

PAIGE

Want Something?

Advertise for it in these columns

REGISTER AND CLERKS' NOTICE

The following Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Trustees have settled their respective accounts in the office of the Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court and the same will be presented for confirmation to the Orphans' Court of Fayette County at the Court House, Uniontown, Pa.,

Monday, June 4, 1917

No.	Estate of	Accountants.	Filed.
1.	Matthew Henry Holman	Samuel B. Hamilton, Exer.	Feb. 16, 1917
2.	S. H. Sparks	W. K. and C. B. Sparks, Admrs.	Mch. 22, 1917
3.	David Ritenour	Henry and Jefferson M. Ritenour, Exers.	Apr. 10, 1917
4.	Casper Schmuck	Christian Schmuck, Exer.	Apr. 28, 1917
5.	Emma V. Higinbotham	Uriah F. Higinbotham, Exer.	Apr. 11, 1917
6.	Chas. W. Coleman	Joseph B. Henderson, Admr.	Apr. 19, 1917
7.	Sarah Lyons	Charles E. Phillips, Admr.	Apr. 20, 1917
8.	Samuel Brown	Lewis A. Brown, Admr.	Apr. 26, 1917
9.	John Springer	Geo. W. and James O. Springer, Exer.	Apr. 26, 1917
10.	Toefel Janiak	Citizens Title & Trust Co., Gdn.	Apr. 27, 1917
11.	Lorine and Mary Haas, minors	Bruce F. Sterling, Gdn.	Apr. 30, 1917
12.	Harriet McKarnes	G. W. Gallagher, Admr.	May 1, 1917
13.	Jacob P. Saylor	John W. Showman and Lucinda Forespring, Exers.	May 1, 1917
14.	Rebecca Deffenbaugh	Lloyd W. Cagey, Exer.	Apr. 26, 1917
15.	Lydia A. Brown	Mattie Humphreys, Admrx.	May 4, 1917
16.	George Neff Morgan, minor	J. A. Hertzog, Gdn.	May 3, 1917
17.	Raymond V. Lancaster	J. Benton Crow, Admr.	May 1, 1917
18.	Rebecca Brownfield, minor	Marcellus Clark Stuck, Gdn.	May 1, 1917
19.	George Forsythe	Earl S. Porter, Admr. d. b. n. c. t. a.	May 1, 1917
20.	Charles C. Eyester	Mary C. Eyester, Admrx.	May 2, 1917
21.	James H. Monteith	Wm. S. Leech, Admr.	May 3, 1917
22.	John Work	Annie E. Works, Exer.	May 4, 1917
23.	Anna M. Snider, minor	Samuel Stern, Gdn.	May 3, 1917
24.	Charlotte Bryson	George L. Dawson, Trustee	May 4, 1917
25.	Howard Beighley	Benjamin A. Dils, Admr.	May 3, 1917
26.	John W. Porter	James A. Bryson, Admr. d. b. n. c. t. a.	May 3, 1917
27.	Mary Jane Crawford	Arthur H. Ghrist, Exer.	May 3, 1917
28.	Jacob P. Allamon	A. F. Allamon, Admr.	May 4, 1917
29.	George N. Morgan, minor	William Howard Morgan, Gdn.	May 1, 1917
30.	William Hibbs	Daniel M. Hibbs, Exer.	May 3, 1917
31.	Mary Ryan	N. E. Murphy, Exer.	May 4, 1917
32.	Sarah Boice	J. Espey Sherrard, Anc. Admr. c. t. a.	May 4, 1917
33.	John Menhart	H. D. Leonard, Exer.	May 3, 1917

HENRY R. TITTERINGTON,
Register and Clerk of Orphans' Court, Uniontown, Pa., May 4, 1917.

AUDIT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the above accounts will be taken up for audit and distribution before James C. Work, President Judge of the Orphans' Court of Fayette County at the Court House at 10 o'clock on each of the following days, viz:—Accounts Nos. 1 to 9 inclusive on Monday, June 18, 1917; Nos. 10 to 18 inclusive on Tuesday, June 19, 1917; Nos. 19 to 27 inclusive on Wednesday, June 20, 1917; Nos. 28 to 33 inclusive on Thursday, June 21, 1917, which cases will be called for hearing on the day and time set forth in the above notice at which time and place creditors, heirs and all other persons interested shall attend if they see fit and present their claims against the said estate or forever be barred from coming upon said fund.

HENRY R. TITTERINGTON,
Clerk of Orphans' Court.

OPENING!

Laughrey Drug Co.

Monday Evening

7:30 to 9:30

KIFERLE'S ORCHESTRA

Souvenirs for Ladies and Gentlemen

School Children Entertained at Later Date

C&B LINE DAILY BETWEEN BUFFALO & CLEVELAND

3 — MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS — 3

The Great Ship "SEEANDBEE"—"CITY OF ERIE"—"CITY OF BUFFALO"

BETWEEN

BUFFALO—Daily, May 1st to Nov. 15th—CLEVELAND

Leave Buffalo 9:00 P. M. / Arrive Cleveland 7:30 A. M. — Eastern Standard Time — Leave Cleveland 9:00 P. M. / Arrive Buffalo 7:30 A. M.

Connections at Cleveland for Cedar Point, Put-in-Bay, Toledo, Detroit and all points West and Southwest. Railroad tickets reading between Buffalo and Cleveland are good for transportation on our steamers. Ask your ticket agent for tickets via C. & B. Line. New Tourist Automobile Rate—$5.00 Round Trip, with 2 days return limit, for cars not exceeding 127 in. wheelbase.

Beautifully colored sectional puzzle chart of The Great Ship "SEEANDBEE" sent on receipt of five cents. Also ask for our 24-page pictorial and descriptive booklet free.

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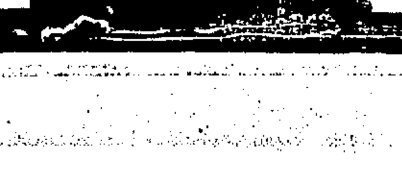
Cleveland, Ohio

The Great Ship "SEEANDBEE"—the largest and most costly passenger Steamer on inland waters of the world. Sleeping capacity, 1500 passengers.



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Two cents per copy, 60c per month, $5 per year by mail if paid in advance.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice, Connellsville, Pa.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 5, 1917.

WE MUST BE THRIFTY; NOT TIGHT-FISTED.

Americans can do nothing that will hinder the great work of war preparation now in progress in the country quite so much as yielding to a course of action that will tend to slow down business and industry.

Patriotism, self interest and national safety alike demand that every American—male or female, give thoughtful consideration to the vital necessity of keeping every activity of production and distribution and of manufacturing and business going to the limit. They should realize that without the continued and increasing industrial prosperity of the country we cannot successfully carry forward the work of making our preparedness effectual.

There must be no drying up of any source of earnings of our people either as producers, manufacturers, or workers. Sums of money, larger than America has ever dreamed of, vast as its conduct of business and industry have been, will be needed to prepare for and carry on the war. Much of this money must come from the people, in all the walks of life, in various forms of taxation and in different proportions.

To provide the vast revenues with which to meet the burdens war will impose, the currents of business must be made to flow in larger volume, not retarded or diminished. Industrial operations must be speeded up, not slowed down; the earnings of every worker—mechanic, clerk, salesman, distributor, proprietor and all others—must be constant and increasing, not intermittent nor lessened, least of all should they be made to cease.

Under the unusual stress to which our people are being subjected, our country is confronted with grave dangers. "Misguided thrift" is one of the greatest of these dangers, as S. W. Straus, president of the American Society for Thrift, points out in the following very timely contribution upon this subject:

In our efforts to be patriotically economical, we find ourselves going to extremes in the opposite direction, which is just as great a menace as wasteful extravagance. One of the worst calamities that could befall our nation at any time would be to stop the wheels of industry, but more especially NOW.

The point is to differentiate between destructive and constructive thrift. In times of peace or war, waste is reprehensible, but indiscriminate tightfistedness is worse, because in such conditions the provident are made to suffer with the improvident.

Because the whole nation suddenly has become conscious of the necessity of thrift, we as individuals should take care not to deflect from their normal courses the tides of the nation's money that turn the wheels of industry. America as a nation is not in any danger of running short of money, but we are threatened with a food shortage because on us rests the duty and responsibility of feeding our allies.

Everyone can distinguish the difference between prudent living and wastefulness. If a man buys a suit of clothes, a pair of shoes or a hat, his money goes into legitimate circulation and furnishes uses for capital and employment of labor.

The American people have responded in a grand way to the needs of the hour. We are going to conserve our resources and increase our food supply in a way that will astonish the world, but in doing this we stand face to face with economic hardships unless each individual is governed by common sense, prudence and foresight.

In brief, administer your expenditures in a clean, honest, legitimate and patriotic manner. Eliminate waste of food, bearing in mind that every mouthful you save may be the sustenance of some starving fellow-human being abroad. We should not tear down on one hand while we are trying to build up on the other. Those in business should not hesitate—be courageous and keep on going. America has everything to make herself prosperous. The billions of dollars which are being raised for war purposes will eventually return into the pockets of the people. Even the money which we loan to our allies is being spent immediately in America. The national bond issue means that for some years to come this country will be paying back the obligations incurred today. America is still in the midst of the greatest era of material prosperity the country has ever known.

In the matter of individual expenditure every man should be guided by his own necessities and the needs of his country. Let none of us be a slacker in the business world. This is no day for the coward or wobbling. Be brave and confident. Remember the most acute need of our nation today is intelligent, productive, constructive thrift.

We must be too broad of mind, too courageous of soul and too thoroughly imbued with a genuine patriotism to lend ourselves to needless depressions, uncertainty, timidity or alarms. We must be constructively thrifty; not destructively tight-fisted.

"THE MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY."

In these days of preparation for and near approach to war some men may be inclined to halt between a question of loyalty to country and the advancement of their own selfish interests. Others there may be who, in a heedless or disloyal moment, speak disparagingly of the country and the appeal it is now making to the patriotism of every man and woman. If there be any such persons the reading of a tale published in today's Courier should cause them to reflect seriously upon the danger they are incurring by their attitude.

In the summer of 1863, when our country was facing the gravest crisis in its then young life, Edward Everett Hale, the intensely patriotic American author, pondered upon what would be the destiny of a man so mad as to lay maledictions upon the land of his birth and wish that he might never again hear its name. Out of that thought there developed the immortal tale of "The Man Without a Country." It was the product of the author's imagination, but it has conveyed so powerful a lesson of the real meaning of citizenship in the American Republic that it has become to be classed as one of the prose epics of our literature.

As a stirring appeal to loyalty and the spirit of true Americanism the story of the living death and dreadful expiation of the man who cursed and denied his country, must awaken the emotions of every man, woman, boy and girl as they read the grim history of what might have been and what may yet be. In this patriotic masterpiece there is an inspiration that should impel every real American to a keener sense of duty. In it there is also a warning to the untrue American who has never known how heavy was the price Philip Nolan paid for his disloyalty.

Read and re-read the story until you catch the full import of its meaning.

The road caretakers, to be appointed under the bill just approved by Governor Brumbaugh, will have full power and authority, and also the disposition, to take care of the joy riders and the speed maniacs.

The bonfire is getting into the same class with the open grate as a source of danger to human life.

The Boy Scouts made a record mobilization for their attack upon the mountain fire. Just another result of training and preparedness.

South Connellsville is keeping step with other large municipalities in placing the ban on fireworks.

Burglarizing, even when done on the wholesale scale that it was a few nights ago, does not appear to yield very profitable returns.

The result of the examinations for mine foremen's and fire boss' certificates is another proof that preparedness pays.

Even little Haiti, that mere speck of land on the bosom of the Atlantic, is spunky enough to demand a declaration of war against Germany.

A husky bend of cabbage will look niftier than a patch of scarlet sage to the average man this year.

Farmers Doing Their Part.

Bellefonte Watchman

The hand that holds the plow is doing as much toward preparedness for war as the one that is in training with the musket.

Looking Backward

News of the Past Condensed from the Files of The Courier.

FRIDAY, MAY 8, 1887.

A general strike of coke workers follows the decision of John B. Jackson, umpire in the dispute concerning a wage raise. Mr. Jackson recommends no increase and the miners accept his award, but immediately make a new demand of 12½ per cent increase, which the operators refuse.

L. M. Herrington, principal of the Connellsville schools, is elected county superintendent of schools at the directors' convention.

Colonel James Beatty, proprietor of the Uniontown Democrat, dies at his residence near Loisenring at the age of 61 years.

Anson B. Wetherell announces that he will open a commercial school here shortly.

P. S. Newmyer purchases a handsome team of Kentucky fliers.

Miss Jennie Coughenour resumes her old place at the delivery window in the postoffice.

John Duggan and J. W. Egan open a book and music store on Pittsburg street.

J. G. Kurtz, cashier of the Youghiogheny bank, is off for a brief holiday on account of failing health.

J. A. Davis of Connellsville, who graduates from the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, is chosen a member of the post-graduate hospital class and will remain at the university another year.

The stockholders of the Yough Bridge Company elect the following officers for the ensuing year: President, George B. Kline; treasurer, J. C. Kurtz; managers, J. T. McCormick, J. K. Brown, P. S. Newmyer, Josiah Kurtz, and Keil Long.

F. P. Boyts attends the district synod of the Lutheran church at Ursina as a delegate from the local organization.

James Cunningham completes the addition to his Main street restaurant, having added eight sleeping rooms and enlarged his dining room.

FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1897.

Detailed report of the coke trade for the week ending Friday, May 7, shows a total of 18,115 ovens in the region, of which 10,427 are in blast, and 7,688 are idle, with a total estimated production of 108,331 tons.

Shipments for the week aggregated 6,009 cars, distributed as follows. To Pittsburg, 2,661 cars; to points West, 2,227 cars; to points East 1,181 cars, a decrease of 246 cars from the previous week.

Town council votes $200 for the purpose of carrying on the fight for a free bridge across the Yough.

The question of converting the old graveyard in the rear of the Fourth Ward school building into a park is brought up again, after a lapse of some three years, at a meeting of school board.

The Connellsville township school board re-elects W. B. McCullough, B. H. Christner and W. H. Cover to teach for the next term.

W. D. McGinnis and Miss Etta Berger will open a summer school in the Seventh street school building, New Haven.

Byron Porter rezes the building adjoining the old Christian Church property now being remodeled by R. S. Paine and Edmund Dunn. He will shortly begin work upon a three story brick business block on the site of the building torn down.

The Hotel Marietta is equipped with an electric lighting plant of its own, Proprietor Quitman Marietta figuring out that he can produce his own light at a minimum cost.

A modern and model flour and feed mill is erected by Keil Long on the site of New Haven's ancient grist mill.

Rev. Ira W. Kimmel, of Roanoke, Va., preaches trial sermons in the local Christian Church.

The beautifying of the grounds about the Wyndman building is about completed, with the construction of a fine lawn and garden.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1907.

Detailed report of the coke trade for the week ending Saturday, May 4, shows a total of 23,880 ovens in the region, of which 22,167 ovens are in blast, and 1,713 idle, with a total estimated production of 281,574 tons.

Shipments for the week aggregated 15,115 cars, distributed as follows. To Pittsburg, 7,007 cars, to points West, 5,126 cars, to points East, 922 cars; an increase of 138 cars over the previous week.

P. M. Buttermore of New Haven assumes his new duties as justice of the peace.

The Eagles' memorial service of the Connellsville Aerie is held in the Colonial theatre, with H. H. Reppert of Uniontown and Thomas W. White of McKeesport delivering the eulogies.

Miss Lucinda McCartney and P. R. Weimer, a well known couple of town, are quietly married by Rev. Preston Brooks at his home in Wilkinsburg.

Frank B. Graham buys the Markell pharmacy on North Pittsburg street which was disposed of recently to W. M. Porter.

The Co-operative Investment company is organized by a party of 10 young men of town for the purpose of placing a string of nickelodeons in towns of this section. W. C. Bishop is president of the company and A. J. Templeton treasurer.

Mrs. J. B. Hill resigns as president of the Woman's Culture Club, after two years' service in that position, her husband, Rev. J. B. Hill, having accepted a call as pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Brookville, Pa.

Announcement is made of the sale of the controlling interest of the Connellsville Daily News by W. D. McGinnis to R. D. North, M. B. Pryce, and others.

Rann-dom Reels

By Howard L. Rann.

DRAFTS.

A draft is something which the bank gives to the customer in exchange for the privilege of loaning out his money at eight per cent. This is a highly satisfactory arrangement for the customer, as he does not have to pay anything for having the draft written, if he is a director of the bank, while if he buys a money-order he has to help pay for the fuel, towels and liquid soap consumed by the first assistant postmaster general.

Before the bank issues a draft for a customer, the cashier is obliged to look and see if his checking account is fully charged with quick assets. These assets have probably been loaned out on first farm mortgages, but the bank does not charge anything for that. The draft is then written on a machine with bright red teeth and sent to some eager wholesale house which had about given up hope.

From the standpoint of the bank, the most popular form of draft is the sight draft, which carries a genteel rake-off and does not hurt anybody's feelings, except those of the party drafted, who probably does his checking at the other bank, anyway. It is a sad experience to have an unconcerned bank teller walk into the store and throw down a large, pugnacious sight draft on the counter, face up so at one glance the customer who is being waited upon can hear the approaching footsteps of an action in bankruptcy. When, after months of patient industry, some merchant has secured a collection of sight drafts which have not been absorbed by legal tender, the bank begins to call in his notes with a series of reports like firing buckshot through a hot house.

The most melancholy form of draft known to commerce is the overdraft, by which the customer is able to meet over-due bills without tapping the Sunday school funds. Owing to the pernicious and unrelenting form of bank inspection now prevalent, it is becoming harder every year to slip a noiseless, well-lubricated overdraft past the board of directors, which sends the customer a curt form letter, inviting him to be present when the bank opens Monday morning, with some real currency. This has prompted many a prominent business man to transfer his account to some bank with which he is connected by marriage.

Classified Advertisements.

Wanted.

WANTED—YOUR BARBERING BUSINESS, RENDINE'S.

WANTED—BOYS, SIXTEEN YEARS and over, to work in factory. RIPLEY & COMPANY. 12apr12td

WANTED—TWO DISHWASHERS AT once. CUPP'S RESTAURANT. 30apr6td

WANTED—COAL MINERS. APPLY C. L. WORK at Artman & Work Store. 3may-tfd

WANTED—ONE BOY AND TWO girls for candy factory. TRI-STATE CANDY COMPANY. 5may1td

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply ARMSTRONG'S CAFE, 141 Water street. 26apr-tf

WANTED—MAN FOR RESTAURANT work. Must have good references. CUPP'S RESTAURANT. 30apr6td

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COLORed maid for general housework. Small family. Inquire 111 W. Washington Ave. 3may-tf

WANTED—FIREMEN AND LABORers. Steady work for good men. Apply L. E. HANKISON, Superintendent West Penn Power Plant. 30apr10td

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED STENographer. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary expected. Box 803, Connellsville, Pa. 3may3td

WANTED — LABORERS; GOOD wages, steady employment. Apply U. S. Electric Steel Co., Citizens National Bank Bldg., or at plant, Herd Bottom. 3may3t

WANTED — SEVERAL MIDDLE aged men for car repairmen. Steady work. Apply to Master Mechanic, West Penn Railways Company, Shops. 5may6td

WANTED—YOUNG MARRIED MEN. Those having experience with the consumer preferred. Excellent opportunities for first class men. Salary and commission; 151 E. Crawford Ave. 3may4td*

WANTED—TO BUY OLD FALSE teeth. Don't matter if broken. I pay $1 to $10 per set. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. P. TERL, 403 North Wolfe St., Baltimore, Md. 2may5td*

WANTED—SALESMEN—SIDE LINE men. Do you want a real one that one order a day will pay you $9.00. No samples to carry. Something new. Write today. CANFIELD MFG. CO., 208 Siegel St., Chicago, Ill. 5may1t*

For Rent.

FOR RENT—SEVEN ROOM BRICK veneer house. Inquire KAIL'S BANK. 9apr-tfd

FOR RENT—PASTURE. APPLY W. L. COUGHENOUR. Bell Phone 231-R. 5may2t*

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM MODERN apartment, first floor; furnace; $20.00; 323 East Main. 21apr-tfd

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM HOUSE Race street. Both Phones. TOM DAVIDSON. 20apr2t

For Rent.

FOR RENT—NEW EIGHT ROOM house; also six room house. STANTON SIPE. Bell phone. 4may2td

FOR RENT—6 ROOM HOUSE WITH conveniences. Low rent; 307 Francis avenue. Inquire 303 Francis avenue. 3may3td*

For Sale.

FOR SALE—GOOD OFFICE DESK. Call Tri-State 388. 27apr-tf

FOR SALE—ONE FRESH COW AND calf. 1311 W. Crawford Ave. 5may3t*

FOR SALE—A FRESH COW. INquire of T. T. MORRISON, Dunbar Pa. 5may3td

FOR SALE—ONE GAS RANGE practically new. Inquire 222 East Peach street. 3may3t*

FOR SALE—LIME ON WATT'S farm 12½c per bushel. CHAS. MOYER, Dunbar, Pa. 5may12t-eod

FOR SALE — CORNER LOT ON paved street. Good location. Address "K. K." care Courier. 6may-tfd

FOR SALE—ONE HORSE, 1,400 lbs. and one delivery wagon. FRISBEE HARDWARE CO. 3may6t

FOR SALE—TWO BLACK HORSES six and seven years old, 1550 lbs. each, will work anywhere. LOUCKS HARDWARE CO., Scottdale, Pa. 13apr-tf

FOR SALE—1915 JACKSON TOURing car; electric lights, electric starter, new tires and top. A-1 condition will demonstrate. Call at WEST PENN POOL ROOM. 4may2td*

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE BARgain. Six room dwelling house, No. 413 South Pittsburg street with frontage on Lincoln avenue. Price $4,200. Terms to suit purchaser. J. DONALD PORTER, First National Bank Bldg. 2may4td

Buy a Lot For Your Money.

TERMS TO SUIT. CITY, SOUTH Connellsville and township lots. TOM DAVIDSON, 1123 S. Pittsburg street. Bell 412. Tri-State 898. 20apr-tf

Notice For Bids.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Controller of Fayette County, Pennsylvania, at his office in the Court House, Uniontown, Pa., until 12 o'clock, noon, Thursday, May 10, 1917, for furnishing and delivering to Uniontown, Pa., one motor truck for use of Fayette County Road Department.

Each bidder must furnish detailed specifications of truck they propose to furnish.

The right to reject any or all bids is expressly reserved. HARRY KISINGER, County Controller. apr30may5-1

Notice.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. TO DEpositors:—At a meeting of the directors of the Colonial National Bank duly held Nov. 8, 1916, at its banking room in the City of Connellsville it was directed that on and after June 1, 1917, all new deposits in the savings department shall bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. This notice is, therefore, given in compliance with the provisions of its rules and regulations, as they appear in each depositor's bank book. Respectfully, COLONIAL NATIONAL BANK, Connellsville, Pa. H. B. Schenck, Cashier. 1may5td—tues-thur-sat

Notice.

TOUGH TRUST COMPANY SAVINGS Department. To depositors:—At a meeting of the Directors of the Tough Trust Company, duly held April 20, 1917, at its banking rooms in the City of Connellsville it was directed that on and after June 1, 1917, all new deposits in the Savings Department shall bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum, and that on and after September 1, 1917, all accounts in the Savings Department shall bear interest at 3 per cent per annum instead of 4 per cent per annum. Respectfully, E. R. FLOTO, Treasurer. 1may5td—tues-thur-sat

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECeived by the County Controller of Fayette County, Pennsylvania, at his office in the Court House, Uniontown, Pa., until 2 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, May 15, 1917, for approximately nineteen thousand (19,000) cubic yards of grading on the River road in Brownsville township, Fayette County, Pa.

Plans, proposals and specifications for the above work can be secured at the office of the County Road Engineer, Court House, Uniontown, Pa., for the sum of one dollar ($1.00).

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check, draft or surety bidding bond in the sum of fifteen hundred ($1,500.00) dollars.

The right to reject any or all proposals is expressly reserved. HARRY KISINGER, County Controller. may5-9-12

Divorce Notice.

S. R. Goldsmith, Attorney.

BEULAH L. MAXWELL VS. CHANDler M. Maxwell. In the Court of Common Pleas of Fayette County, Pa., No. 313 March Term, 1917. To Chandler M. Maxwell, respondent, you are hereby notified that the subpoena and alias subpoena in this case having been returned "Non est inventus," you are therefore required to appear in the Court of Common Pleas of Fayette County, Pa., on the first Monday of June of said court, A. D., 1917, to answer the libel and complaint filed therein, and show cause, if any you have, why a divorce from the bonds of matrimony should not be granted the libellant above named. THOS. L. HOWARD, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, May 4, 1917. 5may4tsat

Divorce Notice.

L. B. Brownfield, Attorney.

LILLIE BELLE NICHOLSON VS. NELson Albert Miles Nicholson. In the Court of Common Pleas of Fayette County, Pa., No. 315 Mar. Term, 1917. To Nelson Albert Miles Nicholson, respondent, you are hereby notified that the subpoena and alias subpoena in this case having been returned "Non est inventus," you are therefore required to appear in the Court of Common Pleas of Fayette County, Pa., on the first Monday of June of said court, A. D., 1917, to answer the libel and complaint filed therein, and show cause if any you have, why a divorce from the bonds of matrimony should not be granted the libellant above named. THOS. L. HOWARD, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, May 4, 1917. 5may4tsat

Divorce Notice.

H. K. MacQuarrie, Attorney.

MINZIATA DELLA PENNA VS. JENnie Della Penna. In the Court of Common Pleas of Fayette County, Pa., No. 90 March Term, 1917. To Jennie Della Penna, respondent, you are hereby notified that the subpoena and alias subpoena in this case having been returned "Non est inventus," you are therefore required to appear in the Court of Common Pleas of Fayette County, Pa., on the first Monday of June of said court, A. D., 1917, to answer the libel and complaint filed therein, and show cause, if any you have, why a divorce from the bonds of matrimony should not be granted the libellant above named. THOS. L. HOWARD, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, May 4, 1917. 5may4tsat

Administrator's Notice.

William A. Miller, Attorney.

ESTATE OF ANDRAS BERNATH, deceased. Letters of administration on the estate of Andras Bernath, late of Connellsville township, Fayette County, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and to those having claims against the same to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. JL. E. HACKNEY, Administrator. P. O. Address 3 Court St., Uniontown, Pa. 28apr6t-sat

Administrator's Notice.

ESTATE OF HIRAM TRUMP, LATE of the township of Connellsville, county of Fayette and State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

Letters of administration on the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and to those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. H. G. MAY, administrator, Connellsville, Pa. 28apr6t-sat

Notice.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. TO DEpositors:—At a meeting of the directors of the Union National Bank duly held in its banking rooms in the City of Connellsville, April 30, 1917, it was directed that on and after June first, all new deposits in the Savings Department shall bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum, and that on and after November 1, all accounts in the Savings Department shall bear interest at 3 per cent per annum instead of 4 per cent per annum as provided in the rules and regulations of its Savings Department. This notice is, therefore, given in compliance with the provisions of its rules and regulations, as they appear in each depositor's pass book. 1may5td—tues-thur-sat.

Notice.

Savings Department Citizens National Bank, Connellsville, Pa. To Depositors:—At a meeting of the directors of the Citizens National Bank of Connellsville, Pa., duly held May 3, 1917, at its banking rooms in the City of Connellsville, Pa., it was directed that on and after June 1, 1917, all new deposits in the Savings Department shall bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum, and that on and after November 1, 1917, all accounts in the Savings Department shall bear interest at 3 per cent per annum instead of 4 per cent per annum as provided in the Rules and Regulations of its Savings Department. This notice is, therefore, given in compliance with the provisions of its Rules and Regulations as they appear in each depositor's bank book. Respectfully, CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK. By F. E. Markell, President. Attest.—James L. Kurtz, Cashier. 4may

Notice.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF CONnellsville, Pa., Savings Department. To Depositors:—At a meeting of the directors of the Second National Bank of Connellsville, Pa., held at its banking rooms in the City of Connellsville, it was directed that on and after June 1st, 1917, all new deposits in the Savings Department shall bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum, and that on and after November 1st, 1917, all accounts in the Savings Department shall bear interest at 3 per cent per annum instead of 4 per cent per annum as provided in the Rules and Regulations of its Savings Department. This notice is, therefore, given in compliance with the provisions of its Rules and Regulations, as they appear in each depositor's bank book. Respectfully, SECOND NATIONAL BANK, by Worth Klipatrick, President. Attest—John A. Armstrong, Cashier. 1may5tdmay9-12-16-19-23-26-30.

Notice.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CONnellsville, Pa., Savings Department. To Depositors:—At a meeting of the directors of the First National Bank of Connellsville, Pa., duly held on Friday, April 20, 1917, at its banking rooms in the City of Connellsville, it was directed that on and after June 1, 1917, all new deposits in the Savings Department shall bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum, and that on and after October 1, 1917, all accounts in the Savings Department shall bear interest at 3 per cent per annum instead of 4 per cent per annum as provided in Section 4 of the Rules and Regulations of its Savings Department. This notice is, therefore, given in compliance with the provisions of Section 11 of its Rules and Regulations, as they appear in each depositor's bank book. Respectfully, FIRST NATIONAL BANK, by D. T. Norton, President. Attest.—George W. Stauffer, Cashier. 1may5td—tues-thur-sat

Orphans' Court Sale.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUable real estate. Estate of William P. Parkhill, late of Somerset township, Somerset county, Pennsylvania, deceased.

On the premises below described, on Friday, the 11th day of May, 1917, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Fayette County, Pennsylvania, the undersigned will offer at public sale, at the time and place above named, all that certain piece of land situate in Dunbar Township, Fayette County, Pennsylvania, adjoining a public road leading from New Haven to Liberty on the north, land now or late of William G. Robinson, on the west, right of way of Opossum Run Branch of Southwest Penn Railway on the south, and land now or late of Jerry Ritenour on the east; being the greater part of the same piece or parcel of land conveyed to said William P. Parkhill by deed of William G. Robinson and wife, dated 5th February, 1901, record of deeds of Fayette County Vol. 192, Page 176. The coal and mining rights are excepted and reserved, in accordance with the terms of said last mentioned deed.

Said piece of land has been laid off in lots according to a plan made by W. G. Robinson, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of Fayette County, in Plan Book Vol. 1, Page 29; and said lands will be offered for sale in lots according to said plan, and also will be offered for sale as a whole.

Terms of Sale—Where the price of any lot or parcel of land shall not exceed one hundred ($100.00) dollars, ten per cent of said sum shall be paid in cash on day of sale and the balance of the purchase money in full on confirmation of sale, where the price for any piece or parcel of said land shall be sold for a sum in excess of one hundred ($100.00) dollars, ten per cent thereof shall be paid in cash on day of sale, one-half of the balance of said purchase money on confirmation of sale and the remaining one-half in six months from date of confirmation, with interest. The deferred payment in each case to be secured by the judgment bond of the purchaser accompanied by his or her mortgage on the premises sold, said judgment bond and mortgage to include the right of anticipation, of the whole amount of the purchase money so secured at any time prior to maturity thereof; the said mortgage to contain the usual thirty days' scire facias clause and both bond and mortgage to include the usual waivers of exemption, inquisition and stay of execution, together with an attorney's commission of five per cent for collection. LUELLA PARKHILL, Executrix, Somerset Pa. J. F. BUTE, Executor, Connellsville, Pa. 21apr3t-sat

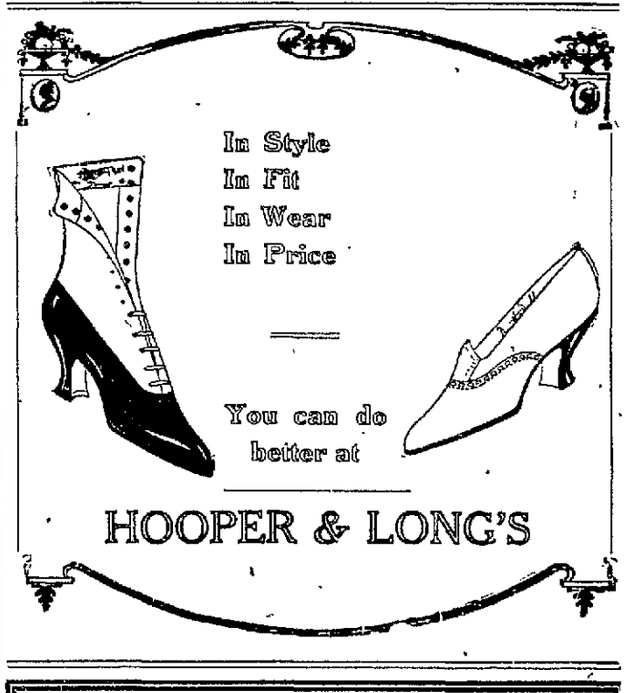
A Wide Choice and Wonderful Assortment

That heading—A Wide Choice and Wonderful Assortment—would not amount to very much if you only read the heading. But follow on down; we want to tell you something about men's and boys' spring wearables. A great many men and a great many boys bought their spring outfit for Easter, but a great many more haven't bought yet. So to you fellows we want to tell about our attractive suits. They are higher in price of course, you expect that, everything is higher, but it is only a reasonable advance. We can outfit men in very desirable styles for 15.00, $18.00, and $20.00. We stick pretty closely to standard colors—blue, black, and gray. For the boys and young men there is a very wide choice and wonderful assortment of all the new style coats with belts, pleats, or plain—grays, blues, blacks, and all the fancy kinds you can think of at reasonable prices. A large and varied assortment also of boys' knee pants suits, some suits with two pair pants, ranging in price from $3.50 upwards. In the clothing department we also have a choice line of hats and caps for boys; a wide choice and wonderful assortment of shirts, underwear, neckwear, handkerchiefs, collars, and most important of all, the shoes. We cannot miss this opportunity to call your attention to our extraordinary line of dress shoes for men, young men, and boys. All the latest style toes, all the late popular colors, reasonable in price, and guaranteed good wearers. It is time to prepare for spring and summer. Union Supply Company stores have prepared for you long ago.

Union Supply Co.

60 Large Department Stores,

Located in Fayette, Westmoreland and Allegheny Counties.



The Metz 25—The Metz Touring Car or Roadster, $600.00 Until May 1st. After That Date $650.00.

Owing to the scarcity and high cost of material THE METZ CO. announces an advance of $50.00 to take effect on May 1st.

ORDER YOUR CAR NOW AND SAVE $50.00.

The Metz is the most economical car made; 22 to 30 miles for each gallon of gasoline. Gearless transmission; no repair bills to pay. With its powerful motor, 108 inch wheel base, Gray & Davis electric lighting and starting system, stream line body, full elliptic springs, light weight, and strength where strength is needed, it makes the ideal car for the man who desires economy, beauty and strength combined. Delivery Cars at 500, $525 and $550 until May 1st. Easy payment terms arranged. Write, phone, or call—

Fred F. Schmitz

166 W. Crawford Ave., formerly Main St., Opposite Yough House. Tri-State Phone 465.

PATRONIZE HOME MERCHANTS WHO ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER.

WEAR Horner's Clothing

NO newspaper can succeed without advertising, therefore we solicit the patronage of our readers for those who by their advertising help to make this paper possible.

NEWSY NOTES TELL WHAT'S HAPPENING IN MT. PLEASANT

Moose Inaugurate Popularity Contests In Connection With Carnival.

ROBERT HOOD IS INJURED

Night Watchman at Moorewood, Recently Taken Back Into Service After Being Retired, Badly Hurt in Fall; Orchestra Concert a Success.

Special to The Courier.

MOUNT PLEASANT, May 5.—The L. O. O. M. will bring the Hoss Lorman Shows here for the week of May 14th. They will show at Spelker park. Several contests are planned, one for babies in which the first prize is a diamond ring; the second prize a gold bracelet, and the third prize a necklace. These are on exhibition in W. H. Smith's hardware store. For the most popular Moose, a diamond studded emblem will be given. This is on exhibition in Myer Posner's window. For the most popular boy a $35 bicycle, now at William H. Smith's hardware store, will be given, and for the most popular girl, a diamond ring, exhibited in H. C. Morison's window.

Robert Hood Hurt.

Robert Hood, a Civil War veteran and night watchman at Moorewood, was recently taken back into service after being pensioned for some time by Superintendent James A. Cowan, and after he had gone to work on Thursday night, he slipped and fell and was seriously injured. He was taken to the Memorial hospital and yesterday Dr. F. L. Marsh operated on him. Mr. Hood last evening was resting as well as he possibly could and stands a chance for recovery.

Concert a Success.

The first concert given by the Institute Orchestral club at the Cox theatre last evening was a decided success. Standing room was at a premium. Those who took part on the program were: Miss G. M. Zimmerman, Alice Kobacker, E. Honsberger, William McMurray, Miss Mary Goldsen, C. Massey, C. Lessick and J. Ellis, Gilbert Clark, W. Zelanka, S. Zoldak, J. Small. The affair was given under the direction of Professor J. Hunter Gambels and was for the benefit of the Junior College fund.

Notes.

Read "The Man Without a Country" on page seven of this issue.

Mr and Mrs. Myer Posner spent yesterday in Pittsburg.

Mrs. Margaret Reese spent yesterday in Greensburg.

Mrs. Harriet Jamison spent yesterday in Latrobe.

R.R. INCOME SHOWS DECREASE

Over $22,000,000 Less Operating Revenue in February Than in January. Chief Loss on Eastern Roads.

Operating income of the railroads decreased approximately $22,336,000 during February, notwithstanding an increase of $2,500,000 in total operating revenues, according to the monthly summary of reports made public by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

On their face the reports tend to support the railroad arguments that expenses have recently increased in greater proportion than operating revenues. The chief item of increase in expenses includes operation of all trains and the purchase of supplies for such operation. That item increased approximately $19,000,000 during the month.

The chief decrease in income was shown by the eastern roads, whose operating income shrunk from $28,921,495 a year ago to $10,453,518 in February. Operating revenues for eastern roads showed a decrease of approximately $3,500,000. Operating income of southern roads decreased approximately $600,000 in the face of an increase in operating revenues of approximately $1,140,000, while western roads showed an increase in operating revenues of about $5,000,000 and a decrease in net operating income of about $3,300,000.

Approximately one thousand miles more trackage was in operation this year than last.

Ohiopyle.

OHIOPYLE, May 5.—A barn belonging to Isaiah Morrison was burned down Wednesday on his farm near Bidwell. The cause of the fire and the loss have not been made known.

Wanted.—Two log cutters, two off bearers, one setter, one fireman and one sawyer for timber operation at Burgettstown, Washington county, Pa. Best of wages and good boarding close to mill. Call or write The Marquette-Kerr Lumber Co., No. 607 First National Bank Building, Uniontown, Pa.—Adv.—2-may-4t.

Miss Delia Corristan spent Friday shopping in Connellsville and calling on friends.

Downer Sailor returned Thursday from a several days' business trip spent at Detroit, Mich.

Read "The Man Without a Country" on page seven of this issue.

Miss Lucy Liedlerman of South Connellsville, is spending the week at her mother's home here.

Mrs. Earle McClintock and daughter departed for Virginia to visit with relatives for a few weeks.

William Tressler was a caller in Connellsville yesterday.

James Hall of Maple Summit, spent Friday in Ohiopyle on business.

The Burdette & Sailor company got in a car of hay yesterday.

Jacob Burnworth was a caller in town yesterday.

Harry Glotfelty of Connellsville, is spending a few days here attending to business.

FRICK AND ASTOR GIVE UP HOMES TO ACCOMMODATE FRENCH AND BRITISH ENVOYS

Plans for New York city's reception to the members of the French and British commissions, now in Washington, when they reach New York, were practically completed by the mayor's committee having the reception in charge.

The French envoys will be housed at the home of Henry C. Frick, Fifth avenue and Seventieth street; the British at the home of Vincent Astor, 840 Fifth avenue. Both Mr. Frick and Mr. Astor offered their residences to the commissioners as soon as it was learned they were coming to New York, and the state department accepted on their behalf. The Frick and Astor families will move out, leaving the servants at the disposal of the new occupants. The use of the private residences, the state department concluded, would do away with any annoyance consequent upon the distinguished guest living at crowded hotels.

These two residences are considered two of the finest in the world. The Frick house stands on the former site of the Lenox library and is noted for its detached appearance, as it stands back from the street. The Astor house was occupied by the late John Jacob Astor until his death in the Titanic disaster.

No. 1 in the pictures, the Frick house; No. 2, Henry C. Frick; No. 3, Vincent Astor; No. 4, the Astor house.

WOULD "TAKE UP" LIMESTONE BOTTOM NOT RIP DOWN ROOF

In Mining the C Prime Seam in Somerset County is Plan of

INSPECTOR CUNNINGHAM

Material Needed for Agricultural and Road Building Purposes; Ready Market Found Among Farmers in Vicinity of Mine Which Tried Plan.

Mine Inspector Fletcher Cunningham would like to see the method of removing coal from under the hills of Somerset county changed in order that one of the most essential materials used in agriculture and millions of tons of the most valuable road building material can be released and placed on the market, incidentally he would like to do away with the unsightly gob piles that mar the landscape wherever mines have been developed, blotted out, says the Somerset Herald.

Mr. Cunningham's plan is a very simple one and the wonder is that it was not adopted by mine operators years ago, as its adoption would mean a handsome financial return to the owners of mine properties. All that the mine operators will be required to do is to remove the limestone forming the bed of the seam of coal known as C prime instead of the sand stone and slate roof covering the coal.

In order to comply with the mining laws of Pennsylvania which require that all main headings and entries be of a certain height, mine operators have been put to heavy expense removing a certain number of inches, some times feet, of the sand rock roof of their properties. The same result could be as easily obtained by removing the limestone forming the bed of the coal, and the limestone could be sold at a profit, whereas the sand stone and slate must be hauled from the mines at heavy expense and dumped in unsightly piles.

Why this method of insuring obedience to the legal requirements concerning the height of mines in which men labor was not adopted by mine operators years ago must remain a mystery, since it is obvious that if Mine Inspector Cunningham's theory is correct the owners of the mines could have been turning a nice profit from the labor of the men employed to remove the roof of their mine headings and entries all this time.

One mining concern operating in the Listie district a year or two ago decided to try out the plan now being urged by Mine Inspector Cunningham and it is said to have worked with gratifying financial results. This concern has found a ready market for all the limestone it produces in both a crude and burnt state among the farmers of the neighborhood.

The absence of limestone in many localities of Somerset county has operated heavily against good roads. Limestone is absolutely necessary in the making of substantial roads, unless brick and cement are utilized, and it would appear that the mine operators of the county have been very negligent of their opportunity to aid in building good roads, simply because they have overlooked the value of the limestone underlying and forming the bed of C prime coal wherever it is found.

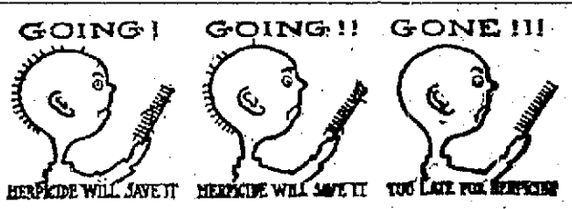
By permitting the limestone to remain in the mines the owners of the properties are not only losing profits which they might secure, but they are rendering a valuable product inaccessible after mining operations are abandoned, if not causing it to become a permanent loss.

Patronize those who advertise.

To Enlarge Pier.

Contracts have been let by the Virginian Railway Company for additions to its large coal pier at Sewalls Point, Norfolk, Va., at a cost of $750,000.

Read "The Man Without a Country" on page seven of this issue.



IS YOUR HAIR SLIPPING?

The presence of dandruff and falling hair conveys a warning which it is best to heed. At first the loss of hair may be so slight as to be hardly noticeable. But no matter how little may be the fall each day, it is working toward the same and inevitable result, and that is total baldness.

You may have hair enough today, but how about tomorrow and the day after? Dandruff and falling hair mean baldness sooner or later and demand the immediate regular and energetic use of Newbro's Herpicide. It keeps the scalp free from dirt and dandruff and allows the hair to grow abundantly and naturally. By this means total incurable baldness may be prevented.

Herpicide does not stain or dye and has a most exquisite fragrance which makes it especially pleasing to the ladies. It stops itching almost instantly.

You may be told that there are remedies "just as good as Herpicide." You cannot afford to take chances with nor can you expect to obtain results from "an off brand" article. Insist on having genuine Herpicide, the Original Germ-Remedy for Dandruff.

You can get a sample of this delightful hair dressing and a booklet on the care of the hair by sending ten cents in silver or postage to The Herpicide Co., Dept. S, Detroit, Mich. Try Herpicide once and you will never be without it.

Sold everywhere in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes and guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

Applications obtained at the better barber shops and beauty parlors.

"Eat Ice Cream every day—it's good for you!"

Golf is Rare Sport —so is Ice Cream

A PLATE of "the best" between rounds makes an afternoon on the links a perfect success.

The Ice Cream we make is ideal for any occasion. Perfectly pure, perfectly delicious and perfectly nourishing. Be sure you get the genuine.

ICE HAGAN'S CREAM

SOLD BY

C. Roy Hetzel, Druggist
P. Molinari, Confectioner

Sold by Good Dealers

Phone Your Dealer NOW

SALE OF TRIMMED HATS

A Striking Example of Value Giving

Copied from original Paris models, regular $7.50 and $10.00 Hats, in this group, specially priced for Saturday.

Hats for Sport Wear, Street Wear and for Dress Occasions.

Hats that will fittingly grace the most elegant costume, in a large variety of shapes with new color combinations. Milan, Milan Hemps, Lisere, Wenchow and Tap Straws.

Make your selection and save $5.00.

$5

$5.00 TRIMMED HATS

Another splendid assortment of beautiful Spring Hats, assembled from higher priced values to go at $2.95 for Saturday. Don't overlook this opportunity.

$2.95

New Spring Foot Wear

WOMEN'S $7 SHOES $5.95

A shoe value without a precedent—regular $7.00 sellers of excellent quality. White Kid, covered Louis heels, 8 inch top; lace style; all sizes, special $5.95.

WOMEN'S PUMPS

$3.50

Gun metal and Patent leather with new long vamps and Louis XV heels; special $3.50

Newest Sprng Styles Fashionable Blouses.

A choice selection of extra quality Washable Silks and Crepe de Chine, dainty new collar and cuff effects. All the new color combinations and plain colors to select from.

$2.48

Handsome new Georgette, Crepe de Chine and Tub-Silk Waists; artistic touches of lace, in new frill and Parisian collar and cuffs. Popularly priced at

$3.95

Free Demonstration of Elmo Toilet Preparations

KOBACKER'S "THE BIG STORE" ON PITTSBURGH ST.

We give U. P. S. Coupons Twice as Valuable as Stamps

Brewed from the choicest materials in that Good Old German Way

YOUGH

Indian Head

YOUGH BREWING CO. TRADE MARK CONNELLSVILLE, PA.

BEER

"It Hits the Spot"

BALTIMORE & OHIO

EXCURSION TO McKEESPORT, AND PITTSBURG AND RETURN SUNDAY, MAY 13, 1917.

ROUND TRIP $1.25

FROM CONNELLSVILLE. Train leaves at 8.05 A. M.

J. N. Trump

WHITE LINE TRANSFER

MOTOR TRUCK and WAGONS. MOVING AND HOISTING PIANOS A SPECIALTY.

Office 103 E. Grape Alley, Opposite P. R. R. Depot. Both Phones.

FLINT'S MOVING

HAULING AND STORAGE.

Motor Truck Service

To All Parts of Region.

COAL FOR SALE

BOTH PHONES.

Removal Sale

Only a Few More Days For This

Hi-Low Sale of Shoes

At Our Old Stand on North Pittsburg Street

Meet Us Next Week in Our New Home

113 Crawford Avenue.

Crowley-Mestrezat Co.

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING FOR SALE TRY OUR CENT-A-WORD ADS.

IF YOU WANT

Anything, Have Anything for Sale or Rent, Try Our Classified Ads at One Cent a Word. They Bring the Results

WHAT RAILWAYS HAVE DONE AND MAY DO IN THE WAR

What May Take Place in the U. S. as a Result of British Experience.

SERVICE IS INVALUABLE

To the National Government: Radical Changes Would Be Made in Operating and Traffic Regulations; Pooling of All Freight Equipment.

The situation of the railways of the United States in the important part which they must play in the war in which we are now involved, is somewhat similar to the position of the railways of Great Britain in the important part which they have played during the last 30 months. Therefore, what has been done in the management of the railways there under the conditions of war may forecast what will have to be done here under similar conditions.

Some of the notable moves which have been made by the Railway Executive Committee in coöperation with the government have been an increase of 50 per cent. in passenger fares; the pooling of freight car equipment; and the institution of severe restrictions and economies in all branches of the service in order to meet increases in employes' wages and enormous increases in the cost of materials. One of the most significant features of Great Britain's policy is that these increases in expenses are automatically assumed by the government. The large increase in passenger fares has been made not to increase revenue, but to reduce the amount of passenger travel in order to facilitate the movement of freight. With this increase the third-class rate becomes 3 cents per passenger per mile and the first-class rate 5½ cents per mile.

These facts are brought out in an illuminating article in the current issue of the Railway Age Gazette, by Julius H. Parmelee. It is a generally recognized fact that the effectiveness of the part which the United States will play in the war will depend largely upon the efficiency with which its railways are operated. Of all the countries now involved there is the closest resemblance between the United States and Great Britain. There, as here, the railways are privately owned. There, as here, arrangements have been made between the government and the railways by which, in the main, operation is left in the hands of the railway officers. There, as here, a committee of executive officers has been organized with almost autocratic authority. In Great Britain, however, the government has guaranteed to the railways the same net return as they made in the period immediately preceding the war, while here the government makes no guarantees regarding railway earnings.

In view of this similarity of conditions and partial similarity in the plans adopted for handling the situation some details of the British plan outlined in Mr. Parmelee's article are of especial interest in this country. The Railway Executive Committee, acting under the authority of the British Government, has found it necessary to take some of its most vigorous measures as recently as since January 1, 1917.

It has taken off many passenger trains, closed many stations and abandoned the operation of some branch lines to expedite the movement of freight and military traffic, to save coal and to relieve employes for more important service. The amount of permissible baggage has been curtailed, restaurant and sleeping cars have been reduced in number or taken out of service and several hundred daily passenger trains were withdrawn from service on January 1. The average speed of passenger trains has been reduced by the elimination of a number of fast express trains. It is stated that further advances in passenger rates will be made unless that already made reduces travel sufficiently. So far there has been a reduction of about 20 per cent. in travel since January 1.

The absolute guarantee by the government of the net returns of the railways has made feasible the adoption of a system of complete pooling of freight equipment. Under war conditions traffic has been so heavy that many difficulties have been met in securing an adequate supply of cars. The important feature of the pooling system is the elimination of empty mileage. Only a few classes of cars owned by the railways are excepted from the pool and it is probable that from 600,000 to 700,000 privately-owned cars will later be brought under its operation.

Mr. Parmelee points out that the French railways have been subject to similar influences in the matter of increased wages of employes and increased cost of material. A new law passed on account of the increased cost of living increases the wages of employes by $16,000,000. The six principal French railways which before the war were in a prosperous condition have made deficits estimated at $30,000,000; but their dividends also are guaranteed by the government.

One feature of railway operation in Great Britain under its emergency system is, Mr. Parmelee says, highly satisfactory. The railways have shown themselves thoroughly efficient and have rendered invaluable service to the country. Not only have they handled ordinary traffic with reasonable promptness, but they have moved troops as required and carried untold quantities of munitions for the government. This they have done notwithstanding the fact that 150,000 of their employes have entered military service, this number representing 25 per cent. of their whole number of employes and 60 per cent. of those of military age.

The expenses of the railways of Great Britain, the Railway Age Gazette points out, have been subject to the same influences as those that prevail in the United States. But the attitude of the government is entirely different. There the government meets the added expenditure entailed by a state of war and the stockholder suffers no loss. Here, the railways must look to increases in their rates for the protection of their net return, it it is to be safeguarded.

ADEQUACY OF RAILROADS

To Handle Large Bodies of Troops Shown by Army Figures.

Some idea of the adequacy of the equipment of the railroads of the United States for the movement of troops may be obtained from the following statement prepared by Colonel Baker, of the Quartermaster Corps, United States army:

"To move a field army of 80,000 men, consisting of three infantry divisions, one cavalry division and a brigade, technically known as a brigade of field army troops—troops auxiliary to the infantry and cavalry division—requires a total of 6,229 cars, made up into 366 trains with as many locomotives.

"These 6,229 cars would be made up of 2,116 passenger, 385 baggage, 1,056 box, 1,899 stock and 775 flat cars.

"This quantity of equipment represents 7 of 1 per cent. of the locomotives owned by American railroads, 4.2 per cent. of their passenger cars and .7 of 1 per cent. of the locomo-equipment."

Vanderbilt.

VANDERBILT, May 5.—J. B. Henderson left today for Meadville to visit his son, Hugh, who attends Allegheny College.

Ralph Black, Jesse Pratt and Lewis Colbert were Connellsville callers on Friday evening.

E. T. Norton, Robert Norris, J. A. Guiler of Connellsville and J. F. Black of Dickerson Run attended a meeting of the board of directors of the First National Bank yesterday afternoon.

Earl Porter of Dawson was a caller in town yesterday.

H. C. Braddock of Mount Pleasant was a business caller here Friday.

Mrs. Lou Shallenberger is moving her family from the Rowan house to one of the W. J. Rainey houses.

Mrs. Harry Shallenberger and children are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bates Speelman of Connellsville.

Harry Workman of Connellsville, visited relatives here recently.

Mrs. Roy Strickler is an out of town caller today.

Misses Anna and Lizzie Burns gave a party at their home Friday evening. About 30 guests were present. The evening was spent in games and dancing, after which a dainty lunch was served. The out of town guests were Misses Evalena Blair and Mabel Berkey of Trotter, Misses Ruby Bush, Louis Mong, Grace Laughrey, and John Livergood, Russell Hale, Harold Cottom of Dawson; Donald Barnhart of Leisenring; Miss Eleanor Senor, Edgar Theresse and Jesse Moore of Dunbar.

H. D. Shallenberger, who attends State College, is home to spend his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Shallenberger.

Mrs. G. B. Roberts and daughter, Vera, went to Point Marion today to attend the patriotic rally.

Mrs. William Strickler of Franklin township was a caller here recently.

At the Theatres.

SOISSON THEATRE.

"THE WEB OF DESIRE"—A five reel drama featuring Ethel Clayton is the attraction today.

"Why did you turn my friend out of my house?"

"I won't have her here any more. She is a notorious divorcee and I don't want her for one of your friends."

Mrs. Miller was intensely angered by the action and words of her husband. Friction between the two had been growing for some time and this was the culmination. So she decided to do something desperate. She decided to elope with a plausible, soft-spoken attorney who had been urging her to do so. But just as Mrs. Miller was about to leave her home, her baby ran to her. What did she do then? Also other good pictures. Monday, Ruth Roland, will be featured in "The Devil's Bait," and also the "Voice on the Wire" No. 8, will be shown. Tuesday, "Hell Morgan's Girl," featuring Dorothy Phillips, and also the first episode of "The Mystery of the Cross," featuring Mollie King. Bluebird has made a gripping melo-drama, under the title of "Hell Morgan's Girl." Events immediately preceding the San Francisco earthquake and fire which struck the world with horror 11 years ago have been woven into this picture.

THE PARAMOUNT.

"SWEETHEART OF THE DOOMED."—A five part Triangle drama and "The Book Worm Turns," a two reel Keystone comedy, are today's attraction. Since joining the Ince forces, "Sweetheart of the Doomed" is Miss Glaum's third starring vehicle. Her previous plays were "The Wolf Woman," and "Somewhere in France." In her latest production Miss Glaum has perhaps the best part that has yet been written for her. She is seen as Honore Zoulay, a Parisian adventuress, who because of treachery dealt her in her youth, lives to make all men pay. Jerome N. Wilson, author of the story, is a native of Savannah and followed the sea for many years as a marine engineer. After visiting all of the seven seas and most of the great seaports from Liverpool to Hong Kong, Wilson settled down in New York as an author of short stories, vaudeville acts and screen plays. The production was directed by Reginald Barker under the personal supervision of Thomas H. Ince. Monday, "The Great Secret," the Metro serial starring Francis X. Bushman and Beverly Bayne, and "The Hidden Children," a five part Metro drama in which Harold Lockwood and Mae Allison in the leading roles will be shown. Tuesday, Jack Pickford will be seen in "The Dummy," a five part Paramount attraction. Wednesday and Thursday, May 16 and 17, William N. Selig's 10 part visualization of Winston Churchill's immortal novel of the Civil War, "The Crisis," will be presented.

ORPHEUM THEATRE.

"HER MISTAKE,"—A multiple reel drama featuring the beautiful and popular actress, Clara Kimball Young. "The Film Spoilers," a two reel Fox film comedy will also be shown. Monday, a Red Feather play of the underworld, "The Flower of Doom," will be the attraction. The Chinese have many peculiar ideas and customs. Their Tong wars are famous for sinister cunning. A certain Tong had for its badge or emblem a pin made of bronze representing a flower. This flower was called "The Flower of Doom." Anyone wearing this pin seen by a rival Tong member was sure to get in trouble. An admirer gave such a pin to Neva Sacon, a dancer, and then her trouble began. Harvey Pearson, a newspaper reporter, meets Neva, a cabaret dancer, with whom he becames infatuated. He takes her through Chinatown and incidentally pins a flower on her that, unknown to him, is the symbol of a Tong. She is spirited away by a member of the rival Tong, and the efforts of the police prove fruitless. "The Crimson Stain Mystery" No. 10, featuring Maurice Costello, will also be shown.

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Baseball at a Glance

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Yesterday's Results.

Chicago 11; Cincinnati 3.
Brooklyn 3; Boston 1.
Pittsburg-St. Louis—Rain.
Philadelphia-New York—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	8	5	.615
St. Louis	11	7	.611
Chicago	12	8	.600
Philadelphia	8	7	.533
Cincinnati	10	12	.455
Boston	6	8	.429
Brooklyn	5	7	.417
Pittsburg	7	13	.350

Today's Schedule.

St. Louis at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at Chicago.
Philadelphia at New York.
Brooklyn at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Yesterday's Results.

Boston-Washington—Rain.
Detroit-St. Louis—Wet grounds.
Chicago-Cleveland—Cold.
Philadelphia-New York—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	10	4	.714
Chicago	11	7	.611
New York	8	7	.533
St. Louis	8	8	.500
Cleveland	9	10	.474
Philadelphia	6	9	.400
Detroit	6	9	.400
Washington	6	10	.375

Today's Schedule.

Detroit at St. Louis.
New York at Washington.
Boston at Washington.
Chicago at Cleveland.

THE Merchants who advertise in this paper will give you best values for your money.

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PETEY DINK—"The Perils of Petey." The Potato Bug, No. 5. By C. A. Voight.

The Man Without A Country

By EDWARD EVERETT HALE

NOW, when the fire of American patriotism flares again from the rocky headlands of Maine to the golden beaches of California, is the time to read anew this "prose epic of American patriotism."

As a story it holds the interest; as a lesson in love of country it has thrilled the American heart for half a century. There are now, thank God, but few Philip Nolans among us, men who "wish they may never hear of the United States again!"

This famous story, which will rank forever first among America's appeals to patriotism, should be read and reread for its own sake and for the inspiration it brings.

PART I.

PHILIP NOLAN was as fine a young officer as there was in the "Legion of the West," as the western division of our army was then called. When Aaron Burr made his first dashing expedition down to New Orleans in 1805 at Fort Massac or somewhere above on the river he met, as the devil would have it, this gay, dashing, bright young fellow at some dinner party, I think. Burr marked him, talked to him, walked with him, took him a day or two's voyage in his flatboat and, in short, fascinated him. For the next year barrack life was very tame to poor Nolan. He occasionally availed of the permission the great man had given him to write to him. The other boys in the garrison sneered at him because he sacrificed in this unrequited affection for a politician the time which they devoted to monongahela, sledge and high-low-jack. Bourbon, euchre and poker were still unknown. But one day Nolan had his revenge. This time Burr came down the river not as an attorney seeking a place for his office, but as a disguised conqueror. It was rumored that he had an army behind him and an empire before him. It was a great day—his arrival—to poor Nolan. Burr had not been at the fort an hour before he sent for him. That evening he asked Nolan to take him out in his skiff to show him a canebrake or a cottonwood tree, as he said—really to seduce him—and by the time the sail was over Nolan was enlisted body and soul. From that time, though he did not yet know it, he lived as "a man without a country."

What Burr meant to do I know no more than you, dear reader. It is none of our business just now. Only when the grand catastrophe came some of the lesser fry in that distant Mississippi valley to while away the [illegible]tony of the summer at Fort Adams got up for spectacles a string of court martials on the officers there. One and another of the colonels and majors were tried, and, to fill out the list, little Nolan, against whom, heaven knows, there was evidence enough—that he was sick of the service, had been willing to be false to it and would have obeyed any order to march anywhither with any one who would follow him had the order only been signed, "By command of His Exc. A. Burr." The courts dragged on. The big fish escaped—rightly for all I know. Nolan was proved guilty enough as I say, yet you and I would never have heard of him, reader, but that, when the president of the court asked him at the close whether he wished to say anything to show that he had always been faithful to the United States he cried out in a fit of frenzy:

"D— the United States! I wish I may never hear of the United States again!"

I suppose he did not know how the words shocked old Colonel Morgan, who was holding the court. Nolan had grown up in the west of those days in the midst of "Spanish plot," "Orleans plot" and all the rest. He had been educated on a plantation where the finest company was a Spanish officer or a French merchant from Orleans. His education, such as it was, had been perfected in commercial expeditions to Vera Cruz and I think he told me his father once hired an Englishman to be a private tutor for a winter on the plantation. He had spent half his youth with an older brother hunting horses in Texas, and, in a word, to him "United States" was scarcely a reality. Yet he had been fed by "United States" for all the years since he had been in the army. He had sworn on his faith as a Christian to be true to "United States." It was "United States" which gave him the uniform he wore and the sword by his side. I do not excuse Nolan. I only explain to the reader why he damned his country and wished he might never hear her name again.

He never did hear her name but once again. From that moment, Sept. 23, 1807, till the day he died, May 11, 1863, he never heard her name again. For that half century and more he was a man without a country.

Old Morgan, as I said, was terribly shocked. He called the court into his private room and returned in fifteen minutes with a face like a sheet, to say:

"Prisoner, hear the sentence of the court. The court decides, subject to the approval of the president, that you never hear the name of the United States again."

Nolan laughed. But nobody else laughed. Old Morgan was too solemn, and the whole room was hushed dead as night for a minute. Even Nolan lost his swagger in a moment. Then Morgan added: "Mr. Marshal, take the prisoner to Orleans in an armed boat and deliver him to the naval commander there."

The marshal gave his orders, and the prisoner was taken out of court.

"Mr. Marshal," continued old Morgan, "see that no one mentions the United States to the prisoner. Mr. Marshal, make my respects to Lieutenant Mitchell at Orleans and request him to order that no one shall mention the United States to the prisoner while he is on board ship. You will receive your written orders from the officer on duty here this evening. The court is adjourned without day."

I have always supposed that Colonel Morgan himself took the proceedings of the court to Washington city and explained them to Mr. Jefferson. Certain it is that the president approved them—certain, that is, if I may believe the men who say they have seen his signature. Before the Nautilus got round from New Orleans to the northern Atlantic coast with the prisoner on board the sentence had been approved, and he was a man without a country.

When I was second officer of the Intrepid some thirty years after I saw the original paper of instructions:

Washington (with the date, which must have been late in 1807).

Sir—You will receive from Lt. Neale the person of Philip Nolan, late a lieutenant in the United States army.

This person on his trial by court martial expressed with an oath the wish that he might never hear of the United States again.

The court sentenced him to have his wish fulfilled.

For the present the execution of the order is intrusted by the president to this department.

You will take the prisoner on board your ship and keep him there with such precautions as shall prevent his escape.

You will provide him with such quarters, rations and clothing as would be proper for an officer of his late rank if he were a passenger on your vessel on the business of his government.

The gentlemen on board will make any arrangements agreeable to themselves regarding his society. He is to be exposed to no indignity of any kind, nor is he ever unnecessarily to be reminded that he is a prisoner.

But under no circumstances is he ever to hear of his country or to see any information regarding it, and you will especially caution all the officers under your command to take care that, in the various indulgences which may be granted, this rule, in which his punishment is involved, shall not be broken.

It is the intention of the government that he shall never again see the country which he has disowned. Before the end of your cruise you will receive orders which will give effect to this intention.

Resp'y yours, W. SOUTHARD,
For the Secretary of the Navy.

I suppose the commander of the Levant has it today as his authority for keeping this man in his mild custody.

The rule adopted on board the ships on which I have met "The Man Without a Country" was, I think, transmitted from the beginning. No mess liked to have him permanently, because his presence cut off all talk of home or of the prospect of return, of politics or letters, of peace or of war—cut off more than half the talk men like to have at sea. But it was always thought too hard that he should never meet the rest of us, except to touch hats, and we finally sank into one system. He was not permitted to talk with the men unless an officer was by. With officers he had unrestrained intercourse, as far as they and he chose. But he grew shy, though he had favorites. I was one. Then the captain always asked him to dinner on Monday. Every mess in succession took up the invitation in its turn. According to the size of the ship, you had him at your mess more or less often at dinner. His breakfast he ate in his own stateroom—he always had a stateroom—which was where a sentinel or somebody on the watch could see the door. And whatever else he ate or drank he ate or drank alone. Sometimes, when the marines or sailors had any special jollification, they were permitted to invite "Plain Buttons," as they called him. They called him "Plain Buttons" because, while he always chose to wear a regulation army uniform, he was not permitted to wear the army button, for the reason that it bore either the initials or the insignia of the country he had disowned.

I remember soon after I joined the navy. Some one told the system which was adopted from the first about his books and other reading. As he was almost never permitted to go on shore, even though the vessel lay in port for months, his time at the best hung heavy, and everybody was permitted to lend him books if they were not published in America and made no allusion to it. He had almost all the foreign papers that came into the ship sooner or later, only somebody must go over them first and cut out any advertisement or stray paragraph that alluded to America. Phillips told me a story of something which happened at the Cape of Good Hope on Nolan's first voyage, and it is the only thing I ever knew of that voyage. Phillips had borrowed a lot of English books from an officer, which in those days, as indeed in these, was quite a windfall. Among them, as the devil would order, was the "Lay of the Last Minstrel," which they had all of them heard of, but which most of them had never seen. I think it could not have been published long. Well, nobody thought there could be any risk of anything national in that, so Nolan was permitted to join the circle one afternoon when a lot of them sat on deck smoking and reading aloud. Nolan took the book and read to the others, and he read very well, as I know. Nobody in the circle knew a line of the poem, only it was all magic and border chivalry and was 10,000 years ago. Poor Nolan read steadily through the fifth canto, stopped a minute and drank something and then began, without a thought of what was coming:

"Breathes there the man with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said,
"This is my own, my native land?"

Then they all saw something was to pay, but he expected to get through, I suppose, turned a little pale, but plunged on:

"Whose heart hath ne'er within him burned
As home his footsteps he hath turned
From wandering on a foreign strand?
If such there breathe, go, mark him well."

By this time the men were all beside themselves, wishing there was any way to make him turn over two pages, but he had not quite presence of mind for that. He gagged a little, colored crimson and staggered on:

"For him no minstrel raptures swell,
High though his titles, proud his name,
Boundless his wealth as wish can claim,
Despite these titles, power and pelf,
The wretch, concentrated all in self"—

And here the poor fellow choked, could not go on, but started up, swung the book into the sea, vanished into his stateroom, "and, by Jove," said Phillips, "we did not see him for two months again. And I had to make up some beggarly story to that English surgeon why I did not return his Walter Scott to him."

That story shows about the time when Nolan's braggadocio must have broken down. At first they said he took a very high tone, considered his imprisonment a mere farce, affected to enjoy the voyage, and all that, but Phillips said that after he came out of his stateroom he never was the same man again. He never read aloud again unless it was the Bible or Shakespeare or something else he was sure of. He was always shy afterward when I knew him—very seldom spoke unless he was spoken to, except to a very few friends. He lighted up occasionally, but generally he had the nervous, tired look of a heart wounded man.

Nolan's transfer at sea to the Warren was the first of some twenty such transfers, which brought him sooner or later into half our best vessels, but which kept him all his life at least some hundred miles from the country he had hoped he might never hear of again.

It may have been on that second cruise—it was once when he was up the Mediterranean—that Mrs. Graff, the celebrated southern beauty of those days, danced with him. They had been a long time in the bay of Naples, and the officers were very intimate in the English fleet, and there had been great festivities, and our men thought they must give a great ball on board the ship. They wanted to use Nolan's stateroom for something, and they hated to do it without asking him to the ball, so the captain said they might ask him if they would be responsible that he did not talk with the wrong people, "who would give him intelligence." For ladies they had the family of the American consul, one or two travelers who had ventured so far and a nice bevy of English girls and matrons, perhaps Lady Hamilton herself.

As the dancing went on, Nolan and our fellows all got at ease, as I said—so much so that it seemed quite natural for him to bow to that splendid Mrs. Graff and say:

"I hope you have not forgotten me, Miss Rutledge. Shall I have the honor of dancing?"

He did it so quickly that Shubrick, who was by him, could not hinder him. She laughed and said:

"I am not Miss Rutledge any longer, Mr. Nolan, but I will dance all the same." Just nodded to Shubrick as if to say he must leave Mr. Nolan to her and led him off to the place where the dance was forming.

Nolan thought he had got his chance. He had known her at Philadelphia, and at other places had met her and this was a godsend. He said boldly—a little pale, she said, as she told me the story years after:

"And what do you hear from home, Mrs. Graff?"

And that splendid creature looked through him. Jove! how she must have looked through him! "Home!! Mr. Nolan!!! I thought you were the man who never wanted to hear of home again!" And she walked directly up the deck to her husband and left poor Nolan alone, as he always was. He did not dance again.

A happier story than either of these I have told is of the war. In one of the great frigate duels with the English, in which the navy was really baptized, it happened that a round shot from the enemy entered one of our ports square and took right down the officer of the gun himself and almost every man of the gun's crew. As the surgeon's people were carrying off the bodies there appeared Nolan in his shirt sleeves, with the rammer in his hand, and, just as if he had been the officer, told them off with authority who should go to the cockpit with the wounded men, who should stay with him, perfectly cheery and with that way which makes men feel sure all is right and is going to be right. And he finished loading the gun with his own hands, aimed it and bade the men fire. And there he stayed, captain of that gun, keeping those fellows in spirits till the enemy struck. The captain walked forward by way of encouraging the men, and Nolan touched his hat and said:

"I am showing them how we do this in the artillery, sir."

And this is a part of the story where all the legends agree—that the commodore said:

"I see you do, and I thank you, sir, and I shall never forget this day, sir, and you never shall, sir."

And after the whole thing was over and he had the Englishman's sword in the midst of the state and ceremony of the quarterdeck he said:

"Where is Mr. Nolan? Ask Mr. Nolan to come here."

And when Nolan came the captain said:

"Mr. Nolan, we are all very grateful to you today. You are one of us today. You will be named in the dispatches."

And then the old man took off his own sword of ceremony and gave it to Nolan and made him put it on. The man told me this who saw it. Nolan cried like a baby, and well he might. He had not worn a sword since that infernal day at Fort Adams.

The captain did mention him in the dispatches. It was always said he asked that he might be pardoned. He wrote a special letter to the secretary of war. But nothing ever came of it. As I said, that was about the time when they began to ignore the whole transaction at Washington.

PART II.

NOLAN must have been in every sea and yet almost never on land. He told me once, with a grave smile, that no man in the world lived so methodical a

"You know the boys say I am the Iron Mask, and you know how busy he was." He said it did not do for any one to try to read all the time more than to do anything else all the time, but that he read just five hours a day. "Then," he said, "I keep up my notebooks, writing in them at such and such hours from what I have been reading, and I include in them my scrapbooks." These were very curious indeed. He had six or eight, of different subjects. There was one of history, one of natural science, one which he called "odds and ends." But they were not merely books of extracts from newspapers. They had bits of plants and ribbons, shells tied on and carved scraps of bone and wood, which he had taught the men to cut for him, and they were beautifully illustrated.

Till he grew very old, he always went aloft a great deal. He always kept up his exercise, and I never heard that he was ill. If any other man was ill he was the kindest nurse in the world, and he knew more than half the surgeons do. Then if anybody was sick or died, or if the captain wanted him to on any other occasion, he was always ready to read prayers. I have remarked that he read beautifully.

My own acquaintance with Philip Nolan began six or eight years after the war, on my first voyage after I was appointed a midshipman. It was in the first days after our slave trade treaty, while the reigning house, which was still the house of Virginia, had still a sort of sentimentalism about the suppression of the horrors of the Middle Passage, and something was sometimes done that way. I first came to understand anything about "the man without a country" one day when we overhauled a dirty little schooner which had slaves on board. An officer was sent to take charge of her, and after a few minutes he sent back his boat to ask that some one might be sent him who could speak Portuguese. We were all looking over the rail when the message came, and we all wished we could interpret when the captain asked who spoke Portuguese. But none of the officers did, and just as the captain was sending forward to ask if any of the people could, Nolan stepped out and said he should be glad to interpret if the captain wished, as he understood the language. The captain thanked him, fitted out another boat with him, and in this boat it was my luck to go.

When we got there it was such a scene as you seldom see and never want to. Nastiness beyond account, and chaos run loose in the midst of the nastiness. The negroes were, most of them, out of the hold and swarming all round the dirty deck, with a central throng surrounding Vaughan and addressing him in every dialect and patois of a dialect, from the Zulu click up to the Parisian of Beledeljereed.

As we came on deck Vaughan looked down from a hogshead on which he had mounted in desperation and said:

"For God's love, is there anybody who can make these wretches understand something?"

Nolan said he could speak Portuguese and one or two fine looking Kroomen were dragged out, who, as it had been found already, had worked for the Portuguese at Fernando Po.

"Tell them they are free," said Vaughan, "and tell them that these rascals are to be hanged as soon as we can get rope enough."

Nolan explained it in such Portuguese as the Kroomen could understand and they in turn to such of the negroes as could understand them. Then there was such a yell of delight, clinching of fists, leaping and dancing, kissing of Nolan's feet and a general rush made to the hogshead by way of spontaneous worship of Vaughan as the deus ex machina of the occasion.

"Tell them," said Vaughan, well pleased, "that I will take them all to Cape Palmas."

This did not answer so well. Cape Palmas was practically as far from the homes of most of them as New Orleans or Rio Janeiro was—that is, they would be eternally separated from home there. And their interpreters, as we could understand, instantly said, "Ah, non Palmas," and began to propose infinite other expedients in most voluble language. Vaughan was rather disappointed at this result of his liberality and asked Nolan eagerly what they said. The drops stood on poor Nolan's white forehead as he hushed the men down, and said:

"He says 'Not Palmas.' He says, 'Take us home, take us to our own country, take us to our own house; take us to our own pickaninnies and our own women.' And this one says," choked out Nolan, "that he has not heard a word from his home in six months, while he has been locked up in an infernal barracoon."

Vaughan always said he grew gray himself while Nolan struggled through this interpretation. I, who did not understand anything of the passion involved in it, saw that the very elements were melting with fervent heat and that something was to pay somewhere. Even the negroes themselves stopped howling as they saw Nolan's agony and Vaughan's almost equal agony of sympathy. As quick as he could get words, he said:

"Tell them yes, yes. Tell them they shall go to the Mountains of the Moon if they will. If I sail the schooner through the Great White desert they shall go home!"

And after some fashion Nolan said so. And they all fell to kissing him and wanted to rub his nose with theirs.

But he could not stand it long, and, getting Vaughan to say he might go back, he beckoned me down into our boat. As we lay back in the stern sheets and the men gave way, he said to me: "Youngster, let that show you what it is to be without a family, without a home and without a country. And if you are ever tempted to say a word or to do a thing that shall put a bar between you and your family, your home and your country, pray God in his mercy to take you that instant home to his own heaven. Stick by your family, boy. Forget you have a self, while you do everything for them. Think of your home, boy. Write and send and talk about it. Let it be nearer and nearer to your thought the farther you have to travel from it, and rush back to it when you are free, as that poor black slave is doing now. And for your country, boy," and the words rattled in his throat, "and for that flag," and he pointed to the ship, "never dream a dream but of serving her as she bids you, though the service carry you through a thousand hells. No matter what happens to you, no matter who flatters you or who abuses you, never look at another flag, never let a night pass but you pray God to bless that flag. Remember, boy, that behind all these men you have to do with, behind officers and government and people even, there is the country herself, your country, and that you belong to her as you belong to your own mother. Stand by her, boy, as you would stand by your mother if those devils there had got hold of her today!"

I was frightened to death by his calm, hard passion, but I blundered out that I would, by all that was holy, and that I had never thought of doing anything else. He hardly seemed to hear me, but he did, almost in a whisper, say, "Oh, if anybody had said so to me when I was of your age!"

I think it was this half confidence of his, which I never abused, for I never told this story till now, which afterward made us great friends. He was very kind to me. When we parted from him in St. Thomas harbor at the end of our cruise I was more sorry than I can tell. I was very glad to meet him again in 1830, and later in life, when I thought I had some influence in Washington, I moved heaven and earth to have him discharged. But it was like getting a ghost out of prison. They pretended there was no such man and never was such a man. They will say so at the department now!

There is a story that Nolan met Burr once on one of our vessels, when a party of Americans came on board in the Mediterranean. But this I believe to be a lie; or, rather, it is a myth, well found, involving a tremendous blowing up with which he sunk Burr—asking him how he liked to be "without a country."

After that cruise I never saw Nolan again. I wrote to him at least twice a year, for in that voyage we became even confidentially intimate; but he never wrote to me. The other men tell me that in those fifteen years he aged very fast. And now it seems the dear old fellow is dead. He has found a home at last, and a country.

Since writing this I have received from Danforth, who is on board the Levant, a letter which gives an account of Nolan's last hours. It removes all my doubts about telling this story.

To understand the first words of the letter the nonprofessional reader should remember that after 1817 the position of every officer who had Nolan in charge was one of the greatest delicacy. The government had failed to renew the order of 1807 regarding him. What was a man to do? Should he let him go? What, then, if he were called to account by the department for violating the order of 1807? Should he keep him? What, then, if Nolan should be liberated some day and should bring an action for false imprisonment or kidnaping against every man who had had him in charge? The secretary always said, as they so often do at Washington, that there were no special orders to give and that we must act on our own judgment.

Here is the letter:

Levant, 2° 2' S. @ 131° W.

Dear Fred—I try to find heart and life to tell you that it is all over with dear old Nolan. The doctor had been watching him very carefully and yesterday morning came to me and told me that Nolan was not so well and had not left his stateroom, a thing I never remembered before. He had let the doctor come and see him as he lay there, the first time the doctor had been in the stateroom, and he said he should like to see me. Oh, dear, do you remember the mysteries we boys used to invent about his room in the old Intrepid days? Well, I went in, and there, to be sure, the poor fellow lay in his berth, smiling pleasantly as he gave me his hand, but looking very frail. I could not help a glance round, which showed me what a little shrine he had made of the box he was lying in. The stars and stripes were triced up above and around a picture of Washington, and he had painted a majestic eagle, with lightnings blazing from his beak and his foot just clasping the whole globe, which his wings overshadowed. The dear old boy saw my glance and said, with a sad smile, "Here, you see, I have a country." And he pointed to the foot of his bed, where I had not seen before a great map of the United States as he had drawn it from memory and which he had there to look upon as he lay. Quaint, queer old names were on it in large letters. "Oh, Danforth," he said, "I know I am dying. I cannot get home. Surely you will tell me something now—stop, stop! Do not speak till I say what I am sure you know—that there is not in this ship, that there is not in America—God bless her!—a more loyal man than I. There cannot be a man who loves the old flag as I do or prays for it as I do, or hopes for it as I do. There are thirty-four stars in it now, Danforth. I thank God for that, though I do not know what their names are. There has never been one taken away. I thank God for that. I know by that that there has never been any successful Burr. Oh, Danforth, Danforth,'" he sighed out, "tell me—tell me something—tell me everything, Danforth, before I die!"

Ingham, I swear to you that I felt like a monster that I had not told him everything before. Danger or no danger, delicacy or no delicacy, who was I that I should have been acting the tyrant all this time over this dear, sainted old man who had years ago expiated in his whole manhood's life the madness of a boy's treason? "Mr. Nolan," said I, "I will tell you everything you ask about, only where shall I begin?"

Oh, the blessed smile that crept over his white face! And he pressed my hand and said: "God bless you! Tell me their names," he said, and he pointed to the stars on the flag.

Well, I told him the names in as good order as I could, and he bade me take down his beautiful map and draw them in as I best could with my pencil. He was wild with delight about Texas; told me how his brother died there. He had marked a gold cross where he supposed his brother's grave was; and he had guessed at Texas. Then he was delighted as he saw California and Oregon. That, he said, he had suspected partly because he had never been permitted to land on that shore, though the ships were there so much. "And the men," said he, laughing, "brought off a good deal besides furs." Then he went back—heavens, how far!—to ask about the Chesapeake and what was done to Barron for surrendering her to the Leopard, and whether Burr ever tried again, and he ground his teeth with the only passion he showed. But in a moment that was over, and he said, "God forgive me, for I am sure I forgive him." Then he asked about the old war and settled down more quietly and very happily to hear me tell in an hour the history of fifty years.

How I wished it had been somebody who knew something! I tell you, Ingham, it was a hard thing to condense the history of half a century into that talk with a sick man. And I do not now know what I told him of emigration and the means of it, of steamboats and railroads and telegraphs, of inventions and books and literature, of the colleges and West Point and the naval school, but with the queerest interruptions that ever you heard! You see, it was Robinson Crusoe asking all the accumulated questions of fifty-six years.

I remember he asked all of a sudden who was president now, and when I told him he asked if Old Abe was General Benjamin Lincoln's son. He said he met old General Lincoln when he was quite a boy himself at some Indian treaty. I said no; that Old Abe was a Kentuckian, like himself; but I could not tell him of what family. He had worked up from the ranks. "Good for him!" cried Nolan. "I am glad of that. As I have brooded and wondered I have thought our danger was in keeping up those regular successions in the first families." I told him everything I could think of that would show the grandeur of his country and its prosperity.

And he drank it in and enjoyed it as I cannot tell you. He grew more and more silent, yet I never thought he was tired or faint. I gave him a glass of water, but he just wet his lips and told me not to go away. Then he asked me to bring the Presbyterian Book of Public Prayer, which lay there, and said, with a smile, that it would open at the right place, and so it did. There was his double red mark down the page, and I knelt down and read, and he repeated with me, "For ourselves and our country, O gracious God, we thank thee, that, notwithstanding our manifold transgressions of thy holy laws, thou hast continued to us thy marvelous kindness," and so to the end of that thanksgiving. Then he turned to the end of the same book, and I read the words more familiar to me, "Most heartily we beseech thee with thy favor to behold and bless thy servant, the president of the United States, and all others in authority," and the rest of the Episcopal collect. "Danforth," said he, "I have repeated those prayers night and morning—it is now fifty-five years." And then he said he would go to sleep. He bent me down over him and kissed me, and he said, "Look in my Bible, Danforth, when I am gone." And I went away.

But I had no thought it was the end. I thought he was tired and would sleep. I knew he was happy, and I wanted him to be alone.

But in an hour when the doctor went in gently he found Nolan had breathed his life away with a smile. He had something pressed close to his lips. It was his father's badge of the Order of Cincinnati.

We looked in his Bible, and there was a slip of paper at the place where he had marked the text:

"They desire a country, even a heavenly: wherefore God is not ashamed to be called their God: for he hath prepared for them a city."

On this slip of paper he had written:

"Bury me in the sea. It has been my home, and I love it. But will not some one set up a stone for my memory at Fort Adams or at Orleans; that my disgrace may not be more than I ought to bear? Say on it:

"In memory of
PHILIP NOLAN,
Lieutenant
In the army of
the United States.

"He loved his country as no other man has loved her, but no man deserved less at her hands."

Chinese Names.

"We may all be pardoned for giving up the puzzle of Chinese names," says a writer, "and yet this little vocabulary may help the newspaper reader through dispatches that come from China. King means metropolis; Fu, provincial capital; Chu, a second class city; Kien, a third class city; Kiang, a river; Ho, a stream; Hai, a lake or sea; Tao, island; Chan, a mountain; Ling, a pass; Ta, big; Siao, little; Kouan, fortress; Wei, camp; Men, carrier; Pei, north; Nan, south; Si, west; Chang, upper; Pai, white; Hei, black; Yang, blue. Nanking, therefore is southern metropolis; Peking northern metropolis.

John Adams Objected.

John Adams while president in Philadelphia refused to approve the celebration of Washington's birthday on the ground, as he afterward said, that it was a slight upon the highest official of the land to honor thus a private citizen.

Limiting Liability.

A daily paper in one of our large cities contained the following unique notice:

After this date I will not be responsible for any bills except those contracted by any other than myself. John F. M.—Case and Comment.

A SAFE TEST.

For those who are in need of a remedy for kidney troubles and backache, it is a good plan to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They are strongly recommended by Connellsville people.

Mrs. J. L. Williams, 812 North Tenth St., Connellsville, says: "About five years ago I was dreadfully ill with kidney complaint. My back ached constantly and I had dizzy spells and headaches during which spots floated before my eyes. The doctors weren't helping me much and my husband finally persuaded me to try Doan's Kidney Pills. I took four boxes and was entirely cured. My health remained good until about six months ago when my back began to be weak and painful again. Of course, I used Doan's Kidney Pills, getting two boxes at Clarke's Drug Store and they again rid me of the trouble. My health is now good."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Williams had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

J. B. KURTZ,
NOTARY PUBLIC
AND REAL ESTATE
No. 2 South Meadow Lane
Connellsville, Pa.

MOVE BY AUTO TRUCKS

BOTH PHONES
OPPMAN'S TRANSFER
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE
CONNELLSVILLE, PA.

Title and Trust Company of Western Pennsylvania

MAKE WISE PROVISION

for your family by making your will now and naming the Title & Trust Company of Western Pennsylvania as your Executor. You then have the positive assurance that your estate will have safe, competent and economical management.

Come in and consult our officers freely

THE UNION NATIONAL BANK OF CONNELLSVILLE, PA. (WESTSIDE)

IT TAKES ROOT

When you deposit a dollar or more to your credit with the Union National Bank of Connellsville it instantly takes root and begins to grow at compound interest.

Are you saving as much as you can? Your account is invited.

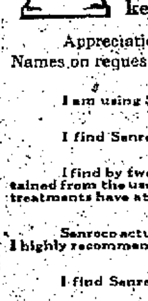
4% Interest Paid on Savings Accounts.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
WEST SIDE CONNELLSVILLE, PA.

YOUGH TRUST COMPANY,
CONNELLSVILLE, PA.

Capital	$ 200,000.00
Surplus and Profits	$ 38,000.00
Resources	$1,350,000.00

FOUR PER CENT. PAID ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS



Senreco REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

The double-service tooth paste, keeps teeth clean AND GUMS HEALTHY.

Appreciations from dentists who have personally proven Senreco. Names on request.

Birmingham, Alabama, Mar. 20, 1917.
I am using Senreco myself. Gums have improved wonderfully.

Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 7, 1917.
I find Senreco a great help in my work.

Chicago, Ills., Mar. 10, 1917.
I find by twelve months' personal use and from my observation of results obtained from the use of Senreco that soft, spongy gums which fail to respond to other treatments have at once shown marked improvement.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 22, 1917.
Senreco actually improves the condition of the gums by reducing inflamation. I highly recommend it.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 20, 1916.
I find Senreco very beneficial.

Chicago, Ills., April 7, 1917.
I am using your excellent tooth paste in my home and the other members of my family have given up their old-time favorites for Senreco.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 18, 1916.
Am well pleased with Senreco—so are my patients.

New York City, Mar. 27, 1917.
Senreco is the best tooth paste in use this day.

Try this remarkable dentifrice yourself. Get a tube of Senreco at your druggist's or toilet counter today. Costs only 25c for large 2 oz. tube.

200 ATTEND PARTY GIVEN BY GRAMMAR SCHOOL STUDENTS

Peterson's Business College Rooms Scene of Enjoyable Social Affair.

BIG CAR OF HORSES HERE

Biggest Single Shipment Arrives and Animals Are Taken to West Overton; Robert Gove Seeks Officers' Commission in Army; News Notes.

Special to The Courier.

SCOTTDALE, May 5.—Grammar school students of the Scottdale schools gave a party in Peterson's Business College rooms last evening. Flags were used as decorations. Two hundred persons were in attendance. The following program was carried out:

"America," by the school; vocal solo, Catherine Cook; violin solo, Lysle Stoner; vocal duet, June Sisley and Ada Carroll; reading, Lucille Terbush; piano solo, Don J. Stoner; vocal solo, Nelle Pirl; address, Prof. L. Alden Marsh. This was followed by games and refreshments.

The guests of the students were Misses Lucille Terbush, Nelle Pirl, Catherine Shepler, Francis Sparks, Goldie McLaughlin, Maude Loucks, Prof. L. Alden Marsh, Mrs. W. H. Clingerman, Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Peterson and Miss Elizabeth Peterson.

The committee on arrangements were Helen Laughrey and Esther Peterson; program, Anna Hardy and Henrietta Ringler; serving, Charity Jane Hayes, Clarence Rhodes, Grace Shirey, M. Eicher, Meredith Stauffer, Helen Whaley, Nancy Lipps, Gladys Smith, Louise Sisley, Elizabeth Wray, Margaret Kelly, Virginia Clingerman, Vera Moorehead, Marena Loucks, Mildred Reid, Eloise Barkell, Anna Grace Stoner, Stella Weddell and Miriam Breegle.

Mrs. Loucks Hostess.

Mrs. Mary Loucks entertained the Gold Side of the Methodist Episcopal missionary society at her home here last evening. Following a pleasant evening refreshments were served.

Give Entertainment.

The Knights of St. George held an entertainment and five hundred party in the Temperance hall on Thursday evening. The first lady's prize was captured by Miss Maude Eckman and the first man's prize by Wilfred Eckman. The booby prize was taken by Joe Boyle. Those who took part on the program were Mary Gallagher, Bertha Evans, Mary Agnes Eckman and Margaret Yahner. Refreshments were served.

One Boy Competitor.

Yesterday morning at chapel in the high school, the $2.50 in gold offered for the best poster in the Civic club contest was given to Robert Camlin, the only boy in the class competing for the prize.

Large Car of Horses.

The largest car bringing horses that ever came into Scottdale arrived on Thursday consigned to the H. C. Frick Coke company. The horses were unloaded and taken to the stock farm at West Overton.

Miss Hurst Entertains.

Miss Florence Hurst entertained the Fidelity Chapter at her High street home. After the business session, refreshments were served.

Want to Be Aviators.

Isaac Taylor and Howard Newmyer have taken the examinations for entrance into the United States Aviation Corps.

Seeks Officer's Commission.

Robert R. Gove, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gove of this place, who served with the Second Minnesota National Guard on the border, and who was discharged as a non-resident on his return, has fulfilled his obligation under his discharge to enlist in some part of the United States army by going to Pittsburg and taking the officers' examination.

Local Men Enlist.

Walter Lockard and R. Humphries of Scottdale left yesterday morning to try out for the government aviation corps at Memphis, Tenn.

Vincent R. Smith of Scottdale enlisted in the officers' reserve corps and will be sent to Fort Niagara training camp which opens May 14.

For Sale.

Five room house on Garfield avenue, for $1,300.

Six room house, lot 40x120 feet, like new, for $1,400.

One six room house, bath and heater, and one eight room house, rents for $35, for $3,000. E. F. DeWitt.—Adv.—5-4t.

Notes.

Twenty-five friends gave Mrs. S. J. Suter a very pleasant surprise at her Hawkeye home Thursday evening.

Miss Hulda Kelley has accepted a position at the Broadway Department store.

Herbert Miller of Scottdale has joined the army in Pittsburg.

George Reid has joined the aviation corps.

Rev. G. F. Gehr, president of the Pittsburg Synod, will preach at the Lutheran church on Sunday.

Mrs. Abe Morris of Natrona is the guest of Mrs. Charles Morris.

Misses Anna Morford and Clara Lane spent Thursday in Connellsville.

Thelma Rush and Dolly Menthorp of Ohiopyle are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Evans Rush of Hawkeye.

Mrs. C. L. Baker and son, Alva, returned home after attending the funeral of Mrs. Baker's sister, Mrs. Martz of Hyndman.

Ruth Christner of Mount Pleasant is spending the week-end with Mrs. W. T. McGoogan of Mount Pleasant.

Mr. and Mrs. Thelma Dougall, and two children of Chicago are spending some time with Mr. Dougall's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Glasgow Dougall of Hawkeye.

FAVOR DAYLIGHT SAVING PROECT

Local People Think Setting Clocks *Forward* Is a *Good* Idea.

Possibilities of the daylight saving plan being adopted here are rather strong. The agitation to have the clocks of the nation set forward one hour during the summer months is causing some discussion here. The plan may be put before city council within a short time. Councilman M. B. Pryce has expressed himself as favoring it.

Organizations and official bodies of other cities and towns are boosting the movement. Many important national organizations, too, are represented as favoring the plan. The American Federation of Labor is one which has taken action toward securing more daylight by moving the clock forward an hour. A hearing was held before the Senate Interstate Commerce Commission on Daylight Saving yesterday, and the Pittsburg district was well represented at the meeting. The committee will report favorably on the subject. President Wilson some time ago said that he liked the idea.

The plan could hardly be taken up by a city here and there, and work out successfully, since then it would cause more confusion than anything else. Should other towns come in on the plan, however, it is likely that sentiment here would be all for the change. Action would likely be taken by council, recommending the plan, in the case that citizens made it clear that they wanted the proposition put into force.

The advantages of the plan are being pointed out by local men as manifold. "Turn the clocks forward an hour in the summer; turn them back in the winter," they say, "and you get the greatest length of daylight possible throughout the year."

P. R. R. PLEDGES AID IN WAR

Directors Vote Full Power to President Rea to Take Whatever Action May Be Necessary Any Time.

The directors of the Pennsylvania railroad, at a recent meeting, adopted a resolution empowering President Rea to take whatever action may be necessary to make the company's organization and facilities of the greatest possible utility and service to the government in the preparation for and conduct of the war. For this purpose, he is authorized to make such use, both of the organization and facilities of the railroad, as will, in his opinion, best make to that end.

This step was taken in conformation to a pledge by company executives "that, during the present war, they will coöperate their operations in a continental railway system, merging during such period all their merely individual and competitive activities in the effort to produce a maximum of national transportation efficiency."

As a result of the pledge, the direction of the continental railway system was placed in the hands of the executive committe of the special committee on national defense of the American Railway Association.

Indian Creek.

INDIAN CREEK, May 5.—Mr. and Mrs. John Cole and Miss Hazel Hutchinson of Mill Run spent yesterday among Connellsville friends and shopping.

Wanted.—Two log cutters, two off bearers, one setter, one fireman and one sawyer for timber operation at Burgettstown, Washington county, Pa. Best of wages and good boarding close to mill. Call or write The Marquette-Kerr Lumber Co., No. 607 First National Bank Building, Uniontown, Pa.—Adv.—2-may-4t.

C. P. Newell of Mill Run was a business caller in Connellsville and Uniontown yesterday.

J. M. Hilir was a business caller here yesterday.

C. S. Pore of Indian Head was a business visitor at Connellsville.

George Kimmell was a business caller in Connellsville and Greensburg yesterday.

Samuel Pritts of Indian Head was a business caller in Connellsville yesterday.

Mrs. Mary Hostetler of Mill Run spent yesterday in Connellsville shopping.

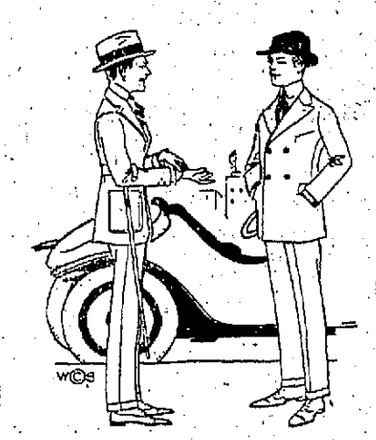
H. A. Wells of Mill Run left for Pittsburg yesterday.

Read "The Man Without a Country" on page seven of this issue.

WRIGHT-METZLER CO.

NEWER STYLES—DEPENDABLE QUALITY—EFFICIENT SERVICE

Men's Column



NEW SPRING CLOTHING!

Correct Styles for Men and Young Men

Wright-Metzler clothes at today's prices are as good an investment as a man can make. Our prices will not advance so long as our present supply lasts, but next season there's no telling what the market may be, with so much wool going to the manufacture of army clothes.

And that's the reason many keen-thinking men are buying our clothes and putting them aside for future use.

Natty new patterns, and colors. Fine tailoring. Splendid finish. Extra longs, shorts, stouts and slims in addition to all regular sizes.

The style's on the surface where every one sees it, but the quality goes clear through.

New Suits $15 to $35
Topcoats $15 to $30
New Hats $2 to $5

SHIRTS AND TIES

Certainly the biggest stock we have ever shown, and it must be the best, from the way men are picking them up.

Handsome patterns and colorings in every grade a man is apt to want.

Saturday always a good day for choosing.

New Shirts $1 to $6.50
New Ties 50c to $2.50

Filet Lace Neckwear for Spring

It is the fashionable lace of the season, and you will admire it in the new flat collars we have to show you. Much of the new neckwear is trimmed with filet, too—filmy net and Georgette crepe collars and guimpes. These, too, have hand embroidery, and are very charming.

Collar and cuff sets—filet lace collars, square and flat, $2.50 to $3.50 set.

Georgette crepe collars and cuff sets with colored picot edge—filet lace trimmed, $2 to $3.50 set.

Georgette crepe collars, embroidered in colors, lace trimmed and hemstitched, $1.25 to $2.25 set.

Organdy collar and cuff sets—deep square collar, hemstitched and embroidered, $1 to $2 set.

Coat collars of Khaki Kool silk and Broadcloth combinations, $2.25 each.

Colored Georgette—crepe collars—rose, green, gold, copen—$1.25 to $1.75 each.

Organdy collars, hemstitched or lace trimmed, 50c to $1 each.

Earrings in Extreme Shapes Are Quite the Fad Just Now

An ornament fits close to the ear, and then there is a long, pear-shaped pendant, or prehaps a large loop. Many of the colored stones (and there are imitation jade, amethyst, and coral) have lacelike designs in delicate tracery. Our assortment is very complete.

New Jade Earrings with ring and pearl drops, $1.00 to $2.00 pair.

Earrings set with pearls, amethysts, coral, and oher colored stones, 50c to $1.00 pair.

Earrings with large cluster drops, colored stones and pearl tops, or with cluster tops and drops, $1.00 to $2.00 pair.

Jade Earrings—top and drop joined by Chinese metal, 75c pair.

Extra Large Sizes in Muslin Underwear

Many of our customers who have been inquiring about extra large sizes in muslin Underwear will be pleased to learn that we are now showing complete assortments in our customary dependable styles and qualities.

Extra size Corset Covers, 46, 48, 50, lace and embroidery trimmed, 85c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 each.

Extra Size Chemise, 46, 48, 50, lace and embroidery trimmed, $1.25 and $1.50 each.

Extra size Muslin Petticoats, lace and embroidery trimmed, $1.50 to $3.50.

Extra size Drawers, lace and embdy trimmed, 85c to $1.50.

Extra size Gowns, 18, 19, 20, muslin and nainsook, lace and embdy trimmed, low neck, short sleeves, high neck long sleeves, $1.25 to $2.50.

BOYS' SUITS

For Play Hours and for "Best"

Norfolk Suits in snappy Spring mixtures and many styles, sizes 6 to 18 years, at $4.00, $5.00 to $12.

Blue serge Norfolks for dressier wear may be had in either the pleated or pinch-back styles, all sizes, at $8 and $10.

Boys' Wash Suits, "Junior Norfolk" styles in sizes 2 to 8 years, a good assortment of colors, very special at 60c.

Also the "Regatta" Line of Wash Suits, fast colors, sizes 2 1-2 to 8 years, good values at $1.15.

Special Display McCallum's Silk Hosiery

Begins Monday Next and Continues 4 Days.

This display will be carried out in both our Hosiery Department and Display Windows and will represent the highest art in the manufacture of Silk Hosiery.

It will include solid colors in black, white and all wanted shades, as well as many novel effects in clocked embroidered, and lace striped hose.

Every grade from $1.25 to $10.00 the pair.

Our Hosiery Section

Offers at all times the largest variety of dependable Hose in cotton, lisle, fibre silk and pure silk—for infants, children, misses and women.

Such famous makes as Gordon, Round Ticket Cadet, Kayser, and McCallum—true aristocrats of the hosiery world.

More and More of Those Handsome Sport Skirts!

We've had to reorder and reorder again and again to keep on hand a sufficient showing of these beautiful, original patterns and colors.

Never was there such a demand for separate skirts, and it seems to be growing every day.

Our showing Saturday will be particularly good and include many fine values.

Prices Range $5.95 to $19.75

And some of our most popular styles are at the lower figures. Elegant, rich colorings in Silk Faille, Taffeta; Pongee, Khaki Kool and other popular weaves. Horizontal or perpendicular stripes, plaids of all dimensions, fancy figures and odd Chinese designs. Each model with some smart feature exclusively its own.

Were You Ever "Fooled" by a "Talking Machine?"

That question sounds absurd to you, doesn't it? Even a South Sea Islander could instantly tell, as soon as he heard it, that a talking machine wasn't a real person.

Come to the Store

We want you to hear Edison's new invention, which actually re-creates all forms of music so perfectly that even the music critics of the leading newspapers of this country admit in the columns of their papers that they cannot distinguish an artist's voice or instrumental performance from Edison's Re-Creation of it.

Correct Writing Paper

Crane's Linen Lawn, cards and paper in white, plain or paneled, $1.50 each.

Crane's Marginal Fold Linen Lawn, pink, blue, violet and grey with silver edge at $1.25 box.

Crane's Linen Lawn, white with blue, pink, grey, and violet borders, $1.25 box.

Crane's Kid Finish, pear grey with gold bevel, $1.00 box.

Crane's Felted Parchment, white with gold bevel, $1.00 box.
let borders, 60c box.

Crane's Linen Lawn with pink, blue, grey and vio-

Gold Bond Trading Stamps in Addition to Best Values.

WRIGHT-METZLER CO.

SOISSON THEATRE

CHILDREN 5 — "THE HOUSE OF LILIES" — ADULTS 10

TO-DAY

ETHEL CLAYTON, IN

"THE WEB OF DESIRE"

SUPPORTED BY RUDOLPH FELLOWS.
ALSO, TWO OTHER PICTURES.

—Monday—

RUTH ROLAND AND CHAS. CONKLIN, IN

"THE DEVIL'S BAIT"

—AND—

" THE VOICE ON THE WIRE," NO. 8.

Tuesday—Mollie King in "The Mystery of the Double Cross," No 1; and "Hell Morgan's Girl," featuring Dorothy Phillips.

PARAMOUNT THEATRE

TODAY

The Home of the Pipe Organ.

LOUISE GLAUM HAS THE GREATEST ROLE OF HER CAREER AS HONORA ZONLAY, SINISTER BEAUTY OF PARIS, CHASTENED BY A NOBLE LOVE AND SERVICE FOR HER COUNTRY, IN

"SWEETHEART OF THE DOOMED"

A DRAMA OF EMOTIONAL INTENSITY IN FIVE ACTS.
ALSO, ALL-STAR TRIANGLE COMEDY,

"THE BOOK WORM TURNS."

—Monday—

METRO PRESENTS HAROLD LOCKWOOD AND MAY ALLISON, IN

"THE HIDDEN CHILDREN"

A METRO WONDERPLAY IN FIVE ACTS.
ALSO, FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN AND BEVERLY BAYNE IN "THE GREAT SECRET," CHAPTER 17,

"THE MISSING FINGER"

IN TWO ACTS.

Orpheum Theatre,

TODAY

CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG APPEARS IN A DRAMA IN MULTIPLE REELS

"HER MISTAKE."

ALSO, CHAS CONKLIN IN THE TWO REEL FOX COMEDY

"THE FILM SPOILERS."

—Monday—

GYPSY HART AND WEDGEWOOD NOWELL, IN THE FIVE PART RED FEATHER DRAMA

"THE FLOWER OF FLOWER."

ALSO, "THE CRIMSON STAIN MYSTERY," NO. 10.
TUESDAY—BABY MARIE OSBORN IN "TOLD AT TWILIGHT."